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AUG 6 1929
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THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

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USE WHIZ
TO DESTROY FLIES
We have it in three sizes.

Linoleum in 4 yd. width now in stock

B. V. D. UNDERWEAR in all sizes, price - - - $1.00

All kinds of Fresh Fruits now in daily.
Leave your order for Blueberries,

Acadia Produce Co.
QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE
G. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN

COMBINES
Will be needed to harvest this crop.
You will get it all with a
NICHOLS & SHEPARD
Red River Special
OR
JOHN DEERE
See us for particulars and terms.
COOLEY BROS.
Phone 10 AGENTS Chinook, Alta.

Wheat is scarce and price is going to be good. The
Massey-Harris Combine
will be a big help in getting this crop.
Come in and let us figure things up.
Banner Hardware
Chinook, - Alta.

Chinook Cafe
Our Cafe has been thoroughly renovated and is comfortable and clean--the place you can enjoy your meals.
BOOTHS FOR LADIES
Rooms in Connection
Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos
Soft Drinks. Fruit in Season
Confectionery and Ice Cream Parlor
Chen Sam, Prop.

Be careful with your camp fire.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. J. L. Ferguson left this week for Lewiston, Idaho. Mrs. Ferguson has not seen some of her brothers for twenty five years, and the family have planned for a family re-union.

Mrs. Holmes of Bromhead, Sask., is visiting her daughter, Mrs Norman G. Kerry.

Ethel Young has received word that she has completed her grade XI standing, having passed in the recent departmental examinations with good results in chemistry (93 p.c) and geometry (94 p.c.)

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan and son Ewart, Mr. and Mrs N. D. Stewart Mr. and Mrs. Spreeman, Mr. and Mrs McDowell and family returned from Red Deer where they have been attending the Nazerine camp meetings.

The Ladies' Aid of the United Church served supper in the church on fair night, the proceeds of which amounted to about $65.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat McKenzie and family of Granum arrived here by motor on Monday and will spend a week or two visiting friends in this district. They are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rennie.

Mr. McGaffin and Mr. and Mrs. Alex Moore of Carstairs visited at the home of H. Howton on Monday.

Miss Vera Youngren of Kinmundy is visiting Mrs. A. H. Herrington, Big Stone, and Mrs. Walter Anderson this week.

There was a large attendance at the service which was held at Clover Leaf school on Sunday. The student preacher is Mr. Yeoman of Toronto.

G. Ray Robison and family returned this week after having spent a vacation at Carseland and Calgary.

Nestor Anderson (father), two brothers, Gilbert and Arnold, with their wives, of Portland, are visiting are visiting at the home of Walter Anderson. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson gave a dinner party in honor of their guests on Friday.

Jas. Young met with a slight accident while helping to arrange things in the agricultural hall when a piece of wire struck him in the eye. He immediately drove to Cereal and Dr. Esler found that the sight would not be injured, although it might have been more serious.

A J. Mumford returned Tuesday after two weeks spent at various points in the southern and western parts of the province. He reports having seen some good crops in the south which will give a good yield providing they get a little more moisture.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Lensgraf of San Bon, Texas, are spending a few weeks at the home of the former's parents.

William and Roy Kidd of Alsask are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isbister this week.

Miss Lillian and Cameron Stewart of Calgary arrived here this week to spend their vacation with their father, David Stewart.

P. Demeare, Mrs. Loader, Mr. and Mrs. Young motored to Edmonton last week. Mrs. Loader visited her little son who had been ill with infantile paralysis and found there was a decided improvement in him since her last visit. The party then motored to Killam, visiting relatives there.

Mr. and Mrs, W. A. Todd with their daughter Mae and Miss Margaret Bailey returned from their holiday on Sunday night. They visited at Evarts in the Red Deer district with Mrs. Todd's brother, A. L. Stewart and his wife, and while there attended the stampede at Benalto. They then spent a few days in the Clear Water district fishing, going next to Sylvan Lake where they camped for a few days, then on to Aldersyde and Calgary. They report crops everywhere as in much the same condition as at Chinook.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Morris and Mr. Morris' sister, who have been visiting at the home of R. Peyton left Monday for Daysland, St. Paul and Edmonton where they will visit a few days before returning to their home in Calgary.

ONE OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL FAIRS

Attended By a Large Crowd---A Good Number of Exhibits and Good Ball Game

The sixteenth annual fair of the Chinook and District Agricultural Society on Tuesday could not have been held under more favorable weather conditions. The attendance was about on a par with last year, though the number of entries in some classes were not so large.

The number of horses shown in the different classes were larger than in 1928, and among them were some promising colts.

The number of cattle exhibited about held their own in points of numbers. Only one registered animal was shown, and that was a Red Polled bull owned by N. D. Morrison, which the judge considered as one of the best dual purpose animals he had seen for some time, and awarded him the championship ribbon.

In the aged hog classes the number was limited and did not in any way show what the farmers are capable of producing. The younger pig classes were more plentiful and quality fair.

Sheep were lacking in numbers, but the quality was good.

While poultry classes were good they did not occupy much space. We know there are many in the district who are getting into the poultry business, and trust they will not neglect to show their birds another year.

There were only three competitors for the stock judging contest. Earl Robinson, 1st with 70 per cent.; Wilfred Morrison, 2nd with 30 per cent; Mary Elder, Youngstown, with 25 per cent. From the short address given by the judge will no doubt be very helpful to the young competitors. This is one of the items we would like to see the directors encourage an other year.

In grains, grasses and vegetables the number of exhibits were not as large as on previous occasions, though for this year the showing would be hard to beat.

There was a very fine display of fancy work, home cooking, canned fruits, etc. In those classes the number of exhibits was larger than the previous year. The school work was good, but the number of exhibits was small.

However, the directors are to be congratulated for what has been accomplished this year, and now that the grounds are rounding into shape and with the same cooperation, another year should see a still better fair than even the past two years.

The list of prize winners will be published as soon as we can obtain them.

During the afternoon the sports committee handled on a number of events, in which a many of the younger ones of the community took part.

The baseball game between Oyen and Chinook was a fair exhibition of ball. Oyen was first to bat and secured two runs in the first innings and four in the thiro, while Chinook failed to find the home plate. In the first half of the fourth Oyen was blanked. For the home team Vanhook was first to bat, obtained a nice hit from which he reached third base, but with other batters following Chinook only succeeded in scoring one run. Jordan was warming up all the time and with fair support Oyen was again held scoreless, while Chinook took two in the sixth and one in the seventh innings. In the eighth and ninth both teams tightened up and no score was made, the game resulting 6-4 in favor of Oyen.

TEAMS

Oyen—Horne, Gosselin, Phillips, Piers, Chapin, Wright, McMurray (pitcher), Fowler (catcher), Green, Scott (spare)

Chinook—Trogan, s.s ; Nelson, c; Orton, 2b; Johnston, 1b; Vanhook, cf; Jordan, p; McGinnis, 3b; Butts, cf; Peterson, lf; Barbey, spare.

Umpires—W. Blaney and J E. McLeod.

HURLEY'S
General Merchandise
Fruits and Vegetables
HURLEY'S
CHINOOK ALBERTA

We have no cure for a sore head, but we can sure fix sore feet.
Try a pair of our soft well made, good fitting work shoes. The dose should be one pair, taken in the morning, once a year.
Agent for Dr. Scholl's Foot Arches and Eazers.
WATCH MY WINDOWS FOR SPECIAL SALE OF CLEARING LINES OF SHOES.
S. H. SMITH
Phone 14. Chinook

Another Bad Auto Accident

L. S. Dawson Charged With Manslaughter and is on $12,000 Bail

Harry Sheets of Cochrane, aged 33 years, died Monday morning as the result of a head-on collision between two automobiles on the Banff trail, 12 miles west of Calgary at 9.30 o'clock Sunday evening. Four other persons were injured.

The injured are: Kenneth Dawson of Chinook, 13 years of age, who was cut about the face with broken glass; Evelyn Dawson, his sister, right arm cut by glass, and Edith Dawson, six years, and Jean Switzer, seven years, 1811 William street, Calgary, also cut by flying glass. The driver of the car, L. S. Dawson of Chinook, Alberta, and his wife were unhurt.

Sheets was the only occupant of the car which collided with that driven by Dawson.

Lewis S. Dawson, of Chinook, Alberta, was charged with manslaughter by the provincial police Wednesday morning and was allowed out on bail. The charge followed the fatal accident to Harry Sheets, Cochrane, who died Monday following a collison on the Banff trail.

It was stated in evidence at the inquest by Dawson that the collision occurred when he was trying to pass another car. Sheets was driving an auto in the opposite direction to Dawson.

Dawson was formally arrested Wednesday morning by the Alberta provincial police. He was represented by F. S. Selwood and allowed out on bail, himself at $6,000 and three sureties of $2,000 each.

The preliminary hearing of the case is scheduled to take place at the city police court on Aug. 7.

An open verdict was returned by the coroner's jury which met to inquire into the cause of Harry Sheets' death in an automobile accident on the Banff road on Sunday. The verdict read as follows:

"We, the jury, find that Harry Sheets came to his death in the general hospital, Calgary, on July 29, from concussion of the brain received in an automobile accident on the Banff trail about twelve miles west of Calgary on the night of July 28, by coming in contact with a car driven by L. S. Dawson of Chinook."

Lewis S. Dawson, driver of the car struck by that driven by Mr. Sheets, told of trying to pass an automobile driven by Harry Anderson. He saw Mr. Sheets' car approaching and tried to draw over

Continued on last page.

Chinook Theatre
Friday & Sat'day
Aug. 2-3
Marked Money
THE STORY OF A FLYING FOOL
A Regal Picture

Acid Stomach

Excess acid is the common cause of indigestion. It results in pain and sourness about two hours after eating. The quick corrective is an alkali which neutralizes acid. The best corrective is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention.

One spoonful of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia neutralizes instantly many times its volume in acid. It is harmless and tasteless and its action is quick. You will never rely on crude methods, never continue to suffer, when you learn how quickly, how pleasantly this premier method acts. Please let it show you—now.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

The Right Community Spirit

Every once in a while in the strenuous, and more or less selfish days of this modern, highly organized period of the world's history, some little incident of downright unselfishness, of the practical application of the Golden Rule, comes to light which does all good who hear of it, and revives our belief in the innate goodness of the majority of our fellow men, a belief which is frequently in danger of being wholly destroyed when we read of so much deceit, dishonesty, cruelty and crime.

Such an incident, causing a warm glow in our hearts, occurred in the Carievale District, of Saskatchewan, a few weeks ago. When Stanley Dugan and his eldest son, Garfield, died within three months of each other, leaving Mrs. Dugan and eight small children, the neighbors decided to help put in the crop. Therefore, on a given day, eighteen tractors gathered at the Dugan farm and plowed 160 acres in seven hours. The following day other neighbors harrowed and seeded the field. Neighbor women provided the "eats" for the "bee." While the "bee" was organized and managed by the Carievale I.O.O.F. No. 20, it was carried out as a community enterprise and is typical of the community spirit which prevails in the Carievale district.

It was this same spirit that animated the early pioneers in Eastern Canada who joined forces in conquering the virgin forests, built roads, schools, churches, grist mills, and in one "bee" after another assisted each in turn to build houses and barns. And when this "last great west" was opened to settlement, the same spirit prevailed, neighbor assisting neighbor through their difficulties, and in times of sickness and disaster. Only so was the settlement of Canada made possible, and the foundations laid for the successes of today.

It was the cultivation and practice of this neighborly community spirit of self-sacrifice and co-operation which established for the West its reputation of open-handed friendliness and generosity. But as population increases, cities and towns grow up, modern means of communication expand, the vacant spaces fill up, and a more highly organized and mechanical development takes place, there is danger of this fine old feeling of neighborliness disappearing. It would be a pity if this should happen, and it is vastly encouraging to learn of such a happening as that at Carievale.

And if we are losing something in actual practice of the community spirit in our larger centres of population, it is gratifying to know that it still prevails in the hearts of Western men and women. It is as strong as ever in the more remote and pioneer districts of the West, finding expression in the building of small community hospitals and Red Cross Outposts, in community clubs and halls, homemakers' clubs, and numerous co-operative efforts for the welfare of all, regardless of race, language, creed, or worldly possessions.

Helpful as the neighborly assistance extended by the people of Carievale district undoubtedly was to the bereaved Widow Dugan and her children, alleviating her sorrow and removing worry from her mind, we venture to say that those who participated in extending that assistance found a glow of satisfaction, a joy, in rendering this service far greater than any realized by them from any successful venture undertaken in their own behalf.

Furthermore, the neighborly spirit and co-operation thus displayed, and the uniting of forces in the performance of a splendidly unselfish effort, cannot fail to leave its impress upon the whole community. It must inevitably make easier the settlement of those little disagreements and differences of opinion which arise in all communities regarding school, church, municipal, and other local affairs. It means that not Widow Dugan alone, but the whole community has benefited, because the right kind of a community spirit burns more brightly than before.

Find Canadian Wood Useful

London Firms Using Mill Waste For Making Linoleum

That shavings and other planing mill waste are being used experimentally in the manufacture of linoleum, in place of "wood flour," which is at present imported from the continent, was revealed in the annual report of the Department Of Scientific Industrial Research, issued at London, England.. The report dealt in particular with the development of the empire's timber resources. One London firm sought a suitable wood to make boot lasts. The department experimented and finally recommended that Canadian or home-grown birch would serve the purpose.

Nothing Else To Do

The judge was examining a witness to an automobile accident, as he remarked:

"You say you overheard the argument between the traffic officer and this defendent?"

"Yes, sir, I did."

"Then tell the court what the defendent was doing."

"He was listening."

Sunburn

You'll sleep in comfort if you apply Minard's.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1796

A Golf Triumph

First Amateur To Make Par On Famous Jasper Golf Course

For the first time in its history, an amateur has played the famous Jasper Park Lodge Golf Course in par. The triumph belongs to B. Tait, of Pasedena, California, scion of one of the most noted golf families of Scotland. Par for the Jasper Golf Course, where the Canadian Amateur Championships will be played in August, is 70.

Mr. Tait's first visit to Jasper was a quarter of a century ago, when, as a surveyor he went through that country in advance of the railway.

Miller's Worm Powders are a pleasant medicine for worm-infested children, and they will take it without objection. When directions are followed it will not injure the most delicate child, as there is nothing of an injurious nature in its composition. They will speedily rid a child of worms and restore the health of the little sufferers whose vitality has become impaired by the attacks of these internal pests.

Agricultural School For Lethbridge

Development of the plan to establish an agricultural school in Lethbridge with the Federal Experimental Farm at Lethbridge, Alberta, as the basis for the practical demonstrations, is being proceeded with, according to Hon. George Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture.

Oil-Electric Car Service

Application is being made to the Canadian National Railways by the Drumheller Board of Trade for an oil-electric seervice to run daily from Drumheller to East Coulee coal field over the joint C.P.R. and C.N.R. line.

Women Control Wealth

About 41 Per Cent. Of Individual Wealth Of U.S. Held By Fair Sex

Approximately 41 per cent. of the individual wealth of the United States is controlled by women, so a recent bank survey shows. Should this proportion increase at the present rate, financial matriarchy would be established by the year 2025. Women are receiving 70 per cent. of the estates left by men and 64 per cent. of the estates left by women. In addition they are the beneficiaries of 80 per cent. of the $95,000,000,000 worth of life insurance policies in force in this country. According to income tax reports the majority of incomes of over $100,000 are in feminine hands, while over 41 per cent. of the entire income tax is paid by women. As a result of their financial ascendancy women comprise an actual majority of stockholders in the largest corporations in America, and constitute from 35 to 40 per cent. of investment house customers.

A TIRED OUT FEELING

Is a Sure Sign That the Blood Is Thin and Watery

"I am glad to have an opportunity of testifying to the benefits I derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," writes Mrs. Lawrence Kennedy, St. Joseph, N.B. She further says:—"Some years ago I was working as a stenographer, and became badly run-down. I always had a tired-out feeling, had no appetite and suffered terribly from backache. Almost every month I had to remain from the office for a day or two. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I have reason to be glad that I followed this advice. Before I had been taking the pills very long I began to feel much better. Continuing their use my strength came back, I regained my appetite and the terrible backache from which I had suffered disappeared. I have been married some years now and have two fine healthy children, a girl and a boy, and am in the best of health. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' famous Pink Pills, and I trust that these few lines may help some other weak, run-down person."

All weak, run-down people who will give this blood-building tonic a fair trial will find through its use new health and strength. You can get the pills from any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

FRENCH CARAMEL CUSTARD

Four eggs, six tablespoons sugar, one cup milk and a little water, make this cold, tasteful summer dessert. Separate the egg-whites asd yolks, and beat the whites until they are firm. Add four tablespoons of sugar to the yolks. Combine the whites and yolks, and add the milk, stirring the mixture slowly. Make a caramel, using two tablespoons sugar and one-half cup water. Pour this into a tin mold and then add the custard. Place the mold in a pan of water and bake in a slow oven for twenty-five minutes, or until a knife blade will come out clean. When the custard is cold, turn it out on a platter and serve it with or without a sauce.

SPONGE CAKE

3 egg yolks.
½ cup sugar.
½ tablespoon lemon juice.
⅛ teaspoon grated lemon rind.
3 egg whites.
½ cup flour.
⅛ teaspoon salt.

Beat egg yolks until thick and lemon colored and add sugar gradually, beating constantly. Add lemon juice, rind and stiffiy beaten egg whites, folding mixture to keep in air. Cut and fold in flour and salt. Put in small deep cake pan and bake 40 minutes in a moderate oven, 350 degrees Fahrenheit.

Big Game Hunting

During the 1928 big game hunting season in Saskatchewan, 2,727 hunters took the field as compared with 1,723 in 1927. Of the 1928 total, only six were not residents of the province.

Mothers Value This Oil.—Mothers who know how suddenly croup may seize their children and how necessary prompt action is in applying relief, always keep at hand a supply of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because experience has taught them that this is an excellent preparation for the treatment of this ailment. And they are wise, for its various uses render it a valuable medicine.

Sugar Beet Crop

Sugar beets in Southern Alberta, are making good progress. Indications are that there will be about 8,500 acres thinned this year, spring losses being less than last year.

Minard's Liniment for Summer Colds.

Has Escaped Lightly

Germany's Debt To Allies Reduced To Lowest Possible Amount

When Clemenceau, Wilson and Lloyd George met at Versailles in 1919, they decided that Germany must pay the Allies $125,000,000,000.

This was when Lloyd George was shouting "Hang the Kaiser" and "Make Germany pay for the War."

The Kaiser wasn't hanged.

Germany didn't begin to pay for the war.

Germany didn't even begin to pay the $125,000,000,000. What happened was that financiers and technicians and statesmen kept arguing and wrangling, and the more they argued and wrangled the less likelihood was there for Germany to pay.

By 1923, with war memories fading, Germany's bill was cut down to $33,000,000,000. This was by the Dawes Commission.

Now the bill has been cut again. This time, Germany is given 599 years to pay $27,000,000,000, or, if she chooses, and can find her way clear, may pay $900,000,000 at once and call the thing square.

In other words Germany's bill is, at the worst, cut by nearly $100,000,000,000 from the original levy. It is a tremendous reduction. England is to get just enough to pay her war debts to the United States; France enough to pay the United States and England.

It was nonsense of course to ask Germany to pay $125,000,000,000, or anything like it. That would simply have broken Germany, impoverished her; nobody would have got anything.

So ends the chapter about making Germany pay. War, certainly is "The Great Illusion."—Ottawa Journal.

Mussolini Plans To Close Italian Saloons

Has Closed Twenty-Seven Thousand In Last Five Years

Benito Mussolini, in an interview published in the August issue of the World's Work, is quoted as saying that, principally for economic reasons, he intends to cut down wine consumption by Italians.

"I have closed 27,000 saloons in five years," Il Duce is quoted as saying. "Give me time and I will close them all."

Italy, he is quoted as declaring, devotes 8,500,000 acres of land to vineyards, or more than half of the total vineyard acreage of all Europe, consuming the entire production within its borders and importing more, while it is unable to raise enough wheat to meet its own needs.

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

A pretty saleswoman is a first-class counter attraction.

Gourds have been used as cups and containers since ancient times.

Chief Submarine Disasters

Appalling Loss Of Life In Last Fourteen Years

Submarine risasters have taken a heavy toll of life in the navies of the world. Some of the major accidents to undersea sraft follow:

March 24, 1915—United States submarine F-4 sunk in Honolulu Bay, loss of life 21.

1921—British submarine K-5 disappeared off the Scilly Islands while in diving practice, 57 dead.

March 23, 1922—British submarine H-42 sunk by a British destroyer near Gibraltar and 26 men killed.

August 21, 1923—Japanese submarine foundered beside a dock at Kobe, Japan, 85 dead.

January 10, 1924—British submarine L-24 sunk by British battleship, Portland, England. Death list 43.

March 19, 1924—Japanese submarine sunk by Japanese battleship off Sasebe, Japan, 49 dead.

September 25, 1925—U.S. submarine S-51 sunk off Block Island, R.I., by steamer, "City of Rome," 33 dead.

December 17, 1927—United States submarine S-4 sunk off Provincetown, Mass., by coastguard-cutter Paulding, 40 dead.

August 6, 1928—Italian submarine F-14 sunk in Adriatic Sea in collision with destroyer, 31 dead.

July 9, 1929—British naval submarine H-47 collided with the British submarine L-12, 22 miles off the coast of Pembroke, Wales, in the Irish Sea, 24 lives lost.

The worst post-war British submarine disaster recorded took place in 1925, when the H-1 was sunk off Star Point with the loss of 68 lives.

Many British Premiers Came From Scotland

Ramsay MacDonald Makes Fifth In Last Thirty Years

The Scotch appear to have a strong hold on the British premiership.

J. Ramsay MacDonald is the fifth prime minister from Scotland in thirty years. The others were Lord Roseberry, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Earl Balfour, and Bonar Law.

During the same period, the Welsh have had one premier, David Lloyd George, and the English two, Lord Salisbury and Stanley Baldwin.

It Testifies For Itself.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil needs no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Whoever tries it for coughs or colds, for cuts or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, well know that medicine proves itself and needs no guarantee. This shows why this Oil is in general use.

"Dad, what are ancestors?"

"My boy, I'm one of yours and your grandpa is another."

"Well, then, why do people brag about them?"

Keep Minard's Liniment always handy.

An eel has two separate hearts. One beats sixty, the other 160 times a minute.

ATTENTION, WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE!

Mrs. Goodkey Tells Her Experience with Pinkham's Compound

Byemoor, Alberta.—"The Change of Life was the trouble with me and I was run-down, thin, and weak and could not sleep, had a poor appetite and could not do much work. I am taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound now and I feel like a well woman. I saw it advertised in the papers and tried it and Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash. I have recommended it to a lot of women friends." Mrs. Wm. Goodkey, Byemoor, Alberta.

Northern Alberta Railways

Two Transcontinental Railways Take Over Lines In Alberta

On July 2nd last, the four Alberta Government-owned railways — the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway, the Central Canada Railway, the Alberta Great Waterways Railway and the Pembina Valley Railway—were taken over by the Canadian Pacific and the Canadian National and merged into one concern to be known as the Northern Alberta Railways.

LONG SLEEP MAKES BABY HAPPY AGAIN

"Our baby kept waking us several times a night, until we started giving him a little Castoria after his last nursing," says an Iowa mother. "He slept soundly from the first night and it made him look and feel worlds better.' Baby specialists endorse Flecher's Castoria; and millions of mothers know how this purely-vegetable, harmless preparation helps babies and children, with colic constipation, colds, diarrhea, etc. The Fletcher signature is always on the wrapper of genuine Castoria. Avoid imitations.

"Von" Is Not Title

Prohibition of the use of titles in the post-war republic of Czecho-Slovakia does not apply to the word "Von," an approximate social equivalent to the English "Sir." The constitutional supreme court ruled in the case of Ferdinand Zdenko Von Lobkowitz, the Czecho-Slovak minister of interior, that the "Von" was part of a name and not a title.

Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia.

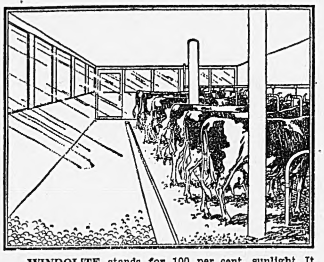
Spruce Best For Rayon

The spruce of Northern Canada is considered the most suitable raw material for the manufacture of rayon by the viscose process. Cellulose, in the form of sulphite pulp, derived from this wood, is now being shipped from Canada to all parts of the world for the maufacture of artificial silk.

WINDOLITE

The Improved Glass Substitute

MADE IN ENGLAND



WINDOLITE stands for 100 per cent. sunlight. It makes light but strong windows for cattle sheds, dairy stables, poultry houses, brooders and all out buildings. It is economical, unbreakable, flexible and is easy to cut and fit. It is now being successfully used for sunrooms, verandahs, schools, factories, hospitals, sanitariums, hot beds, plant coverings and greenhouses. It keeps out cold —will not crack or chip,—cuts with an ordinary pair of scissors and is easy to fit. WINDOLITE is supplied in rolls any length but in one width of 36 inches only. A square yard of WINDOLITE weighs about 14 ozs., while a square yard of glass of ordinary thickness, weighs about 135 to 130 ozs. The improved WINDOLITE requires no varnish. WINDOLITE is made in England.

Price $1.50 Per Square Yard, f.o.b., Toronto.

Use WINDOLITE and let
YOUR PLANTS
YOUR CHICKENS
YOUR CATTLE
Bask in 100 % Sunlight
Send for booklet "WINDOLITE"

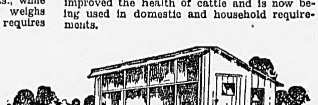
COMES WITH A MESSAGE OF HEALTH

THE sun is the all-powerful life producer, Nature's universal disinfectant and germ destroyer, as well as stimulant and tonic. **WINDOLITE** is the sun's most important ally.

Medical research has definitely proved that from the point of view of Health and Hygiene, the most effective among the sun's rays are the Ultra-Violet rays, which possess the greatest power for the prevention and cure of disease and debility.

Science has further established that ordinary window glass does not allow the passage of Ultra-Violet rays, so that by using glass we are artificially excluding these vital health-giving rays. Therefore, the invention of **WINDOLITE** has completely satisfied the long-felt want. Exhaustive experiments have conclusively proved that it is a most effective substitute for glass, that it freely admits the Ultra-Violet rays, and that its use has a most beneficial effect on the growth and development of plants and chickens and on the well-being of cattle, enabled for the first time to have healthy light instead of darkness in their sheds.

Indeed, the discovery of **WINDOLITE** has during the last six years completely revolutionized gardening, given a new stimulus to poultry breeding, increasing the egg-laying capacity and fertility of chickens, has greatly improved the health of cattle and is now being used in domestic and household requirements.



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51 Wellington St. W. - - - - TORONTO, ONT.

Beautifying the Grounds Surrounding Rural Schools By Planting Trees and Hedges

At the beginning of this century when in the face of much indifference and no little opposition the Department of the Interior through its Forest Service, began the distribution of free trees to farmers in Western Canada, the chief objects were to make the prairie farmsteads more homelike and comfortable and the farms themselves more productive. In the nearly thirty years that have elapsed since then, because of a realization of the widespread benefits of prairie tree planting, apathy and opposition have given place to enthusiasm and support of this policy. The annual distribution has grown from a meagre 50,000 trees in the first years to approximately 8,000,000 seedlings and cuttings at the present time. Reports show that a large percentage of the new shelter-belts set out are successful and travellers are constantly noting the change in the appearance of large sections of the prairies through the planting of these trees.

The Department distributes forest trees exclusively and, as has been frequently noted in recent years, the effect has been to encourage the development of orcharding and the growing of small fruits and tender vegetables which formerly, it was thought, would not grow in the Middle West. Another very pleasing change which has followed the general adoption of the plan of tree planting on farms has been the improvement in the grounds and surroundings of rural schools on the prairies. Naturally the improvement of school brounds is a much more difficult matter than that of planting groves around farm homes. The chief difficulty, of course, is the constant changing of teachers and of rural school trustees. Added to this is the fact that school vacation occurs at the very time when in the first three years after planting, the trees require attention in order to ensure their subsequent growth.

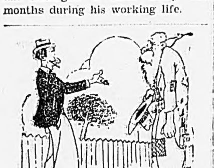
In spite of these handicaps a great deal has been accomplished. In the province of Saskatchewan there are approximately 4,800 rural schools and of these 1,098 have applied for and received trees from the Forest Nursery Stations at Indian Head and Sutherland. While the proportion of plantations which have become permanently established on school grounds is not so high as in the case of those on farms, the results on the whole are decidedly encouraging.

The average prairie school with its bare surroundings is anytthing but inspiring and it is not difficult to realize the effect such conditions must have on the impressionable minds of the young children who necessarily spend so much of their time there. If every rural school could be surrounded by an attractive setting of trees, shrubs, and flowers the ultimate value to the community and the country as a whole would be inestimable.

That the handicaps under which the average school labours in respect to the improvement of the surroundings can be overcome is evident from the record of those that have been successful. In some cases the success has been outstanding and in such it is generally evident that the community as a whole has taken special pride and interest in the school, that there is close co-operation between the trustees, the teacher, and the neighboring farmers, and that all are interested in seeing that the trees receive the necessary attention. In such localities the school grounds become a community centre and are used for picnics and other gatherings thus proving a valuable asset in the general development of the district.

Was Hard Worker

Sir Walter Scott rose at four every morning and worked fifteen hours a day. He wrote the Waverley novels at the rate of twelve volumes a year, and averaged a book every two months during his working life.



"You are the author of 'A thousand ways of earning a living,'" so why are you begging?"

"That is one of the thousand ways."—Esquella, Barcelona.

W. N. U. 1796

Experiments In Government

Speaker Draws Attention To Advanced Legislation In New Zealand

"Australia and New Zealand, particularly the latter, have gone farther with experiments in government than either Canada or the United States," said Col. Wilbur S. Tucker, former president of the Bankers' Insurance Company, of New York, and now a resident of New Zealand. He was addressing a luncheon gathering of the Canadian Club at Vancouver. "It may well be," he added, "that these experiments of the Antipodes will be written into the statutes of Canada and other nations of the world before long."

In experiments with government and private industrial enterprises, no nation had gone farther than New Zealand, Col. Tucker declared.

He did not mean to give the impression that he was offering criticism of any nation's laws or regulations. Both railways and telegraphic services in New Zealand were government controlled and their workings were most satisfactory, he pointed out. But life insurance, fire insurance, trust company work, old age pensions, disability and maternity insurance were other departures in state enterprises. He recognized that Canada, too, had advanced far along such lines of social service legislation.

Made Political History

Miss Megan Lloyd George made political history when she attended a dinner given to members of Parliament belonging to her father's party, the Liberals, by the Reform Club. The club is one of the most exclusive of London's political organizations and no woman had been admitted there as a guest before.

DASHING MODEL

Georgette in effective stripes and colouring contributes a decorative note to a becoming model with yoke and waistline in pointed outline at front. The cascading jabot is made of plain georgette in harmonizing shade. For the 36-inch size, 3½ yards of 36-inch material with ¼ yard of 27-inch contrasting is sufficient to make it. Style No. 825 comes in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Chiffon, silk crepe, washable crepe de chine, crepe satin, canton-faille crepe, printed handkerchief linen, men's silk shirting fabric and printed dimity are smart suggestions. Price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred).

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No............ Size........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

Tuberculosis Free Area

Some Delay In Creating Disease Free Area In Manitoba

There has been a delay in starting on the new tuberculosis free area in Manitoba as a result of a technical difficulty which has arisen. The present area centres around Carman and it is now proposed to extend it north to Lake Manitoba, taking in a strip of territory about 50 miles in width and embracing the Portage Plains farming district.

The farmers in the area to be included in the disease free territory have sent the necessary petition to the Provincial Government asking that this be done, but the federal regulations apparently require that a formal request for the creation of a disease free area be sent to Ottawa by the Provincial Minister of Agriculture. This has not been done in the present case. The Federal Department of Agriculture has received an informal request by letter from J. H. Evans, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, but the formal application from Hon. Albert Prefontaine has not yet come to hand.

Until it does the Federal Department cannot begin the work of cleaning up new territory. In the meantime, therefore, the inspectors have been sent to central Saskatchewan where a new disease free area is being created in the Last Mountain district.

Wheat Prices

Figures Indicate That Wheat Pool Has Raised Average Prices Of Canadian Wheat

According to figures compiled by the United States Department of Agriculture, for eight years prior to the inroduction of pooling, he average price of wheat at Minneapolis was 7½ cents higher than in Canada. These figures exclude the war period when wheat was under control. However, when the Canadian Wheat Pool was inaugurated in 1924, the position was immediately reversed, and in a few months Canada's wheat commanded as good a price as that of the United States. During the second year of tthe Pool's operations, the price of Canadian wheat averaged 10 cents per bushel above American prices. Since 1925, Canadian wheat has consistently secured a price above that of the United States, and on July 18, 1929, there was a difference of 27½ cents between Winnipeg and Minneapolis quotations.

Mrs. Bee—"Doesn't your husband mind the long ride in from the office every day?"

Mrs. Gee—"Oh, no; he usually has a new maid along."

"My husband wants you to change a $20 bill for him."

"With pleasure. Where is it?

"He will probably send it in the morning."

Diner: Here! Stop spilling that soup on my coat.

Waiter: Don't fret, Sir! We have plenty more in the kitchen.

Christianity was first carried into Japan by Xavier in the sixteenth century.

PRINCE'S TROPHY

The only trophy presented by His Royal Highness on the continent of America, the Prince of Wales Cup, will be the prize offered to golfers who compete at the Banff Springs Course, September third to sixth next. Competitors will mainly be drawn from among those taking part in the unique golfers' tour of Canada, sponsored by the "Canadian Golfer," which starts out from Toronto, August 12, and goes to Victoria and return. On the outward trip the tour will stop over at Winnipeg, Jasper and Vancouver, and the return journey will be by the Canadian Pacific scenic route through the Rockies via Revelstoke and Field, motoring to Lake Louise and Banff, and resuming the train trip through Regina, Winnipeg and Fort William, arriving at Toronto September 11.

Heavier Production Of Flour

Grain Absorbed To End Of April Shows Big Increase

The improvement in the production of flour and other cereals by the milling industry of the Dominion this year reflects itself in heavier purchase on the part of the industry of wheat and coarse grains. To the end of April, being the first nine months of the grain year, the producers had absorbed a total of 72,521,270 bushels of wheat, or nearly 6,000,000 bushels more than a year ago. Grinding of oats involved 8,838,173 bushels, or about the same volume as last year.

Indian Lands Sold

Prices averaging $20 per acre were paid for the lands comprising the Indian Reserves adjoining the towns of Berwyn and Fairview, in Alberta, disposed of recently by the Department of Indian Affairs. The highest price recorded was $40 per acre paid by a Saskatchewan buyer for three quarter sections in the Beaver Reserve near Fairview.

Early Vegetables Shipped

Ten car lots of early vegetables moved ont of Vernon, B.C., on July 3rd, chiefly potatoes, beets, carrots and cabbages. Royal Anne cherries are going ou in large quantities to Mission and to the Pacific coast canneries south of the line. The quality of the fruit this year is excellent.

When a man marries he thinks he is getting a mate, but often the supposed mate turns out to be a captain.

Luxury In Travel Attains The Apex Of Achievement In These Modern Days

This is an age of more luxury in everything. Nearly every manufacturer plans to beat his competitors by producing an article that is better than that of his rivals, better to look at, easier to handle, more convenient and comfortable, something that panders to the sense of luxury.

In no way has this been more manifest in recent years than in the realm of transport. Automobiles, trains, ships, even airplanes are all designed nowadays to cater to the desire for luxurious travel.

One hundred years ago railway passengers rode in open wagons, sitting on bare planks. Twenty years ago those who could afford automobiles at all had to be content with open bodies. A closed body was only for the millionaire buyer.

There are no open wagons for railway passengers today; not even for cattle.

We are somewhat proud of our rolling stock on this continent. The latest Pullman cars are wonderfully fine and comfortable, yet over in the Old Land they believe, and with some truth, that they are years ahead of us in the matter of comfortable travel on the trains.

A Britisher gets a great laugh out of our sleeping cars. He gasps in surprise when he takes his first night ride over here and finds that he has to tumble in, or climb in, to a sort of bunk, inserting himself onto a ledge or a shelf, as it were, and undress and dress by a feat of contortionism on the bed. "Fifty years behind the times," he mutters to himself as he adjusts himself to the accommodation.

"Over home," he walks to the sleeping car, opens the door of his cabin, has plenty of room to move around and take off his clothes, hangs them up in a cupboard; he can wash in a basin with running water, turn into a real bed, and in the morning he may ring the bell for the attendant to bring him a cup of tea, or even breakfast in bed.

The latest dining cars on British trains remove all suggestion of being on a train at all. They are made to resemble a dining room in a hotel as near as possible. One company has organized a contest for the best designs and decorations of cars that will eliminate the train environment.

Between Paris and London there is the most luxurious train in the world. It is called the "Golden Arrow," and although the English Channel intervenes, the train is practically the same. If anything, the train on the French side of the water is the more comfortable because the coaches are wider.

The interiors are just as luxurious as the rooms in a swagger hotel. No need to go to any dining car, either. The waiters bring your dinner to your seat and set it on a folding table. Linking the two trains is a correspondingly luxurious "Golden Arrow" steamer—and you know how luxurious steamers can be.

Our own C.P.R., in keeping with the best traditions of the Cunard and White Star liners, have ships between Montreal and Liverpool and other ports on the other side, which have swimming pools, gymnasiums, nurseries, and ball rooms. The staterooms are similar to the prettiest rooms in a stately home, with curtained windows instead of portholes. The dining rooms might be the main dining room of the Royal York, Hotel.

Passenger airplanes have Chesterfield chairs, a bar and dining-car service. Only twenty years ago the aerial passengers sat in an open cockpit and hung on for dear life to the stays. Another transition from the open plane to the Pullman type.

And now, the old stage coach has given way to the super bus. Huge buses now career along the highways of the United States and England with upper and lower decks, big, roomy chairs, berths for sleeping in, a smoking room, dining room and ice water always on tap.

With all these things, travel has surely reached the apex of its achievement. The age demands these things and is willing to pay the shot. When we cast our minds back, and think of our forefathers who slept on the decks of an old wind-jammer with a tarpulin over them, in the course of two to three months crossing the Atlantic; of how they hewed the first roads out of the virgin forests and took weeks to transport their families and their belongings a matter of two hundred miles to establish their homes, we ought to have increased respect for their memories and cultivate a more contented spirit among ourselves.

Holds Coveted Position

Mr. Zzyzz Is Last In New York Phone Book

Mr. Zzyzz is a man who interests us. Mr. Zzyzz is not a character in an expressionist play or an obscure Victorian novel by an imitator of Dickens. Mr. Zzyzz is simply the man who is last in the New York phone book. After Zzyzz there is only finis. Being a newcomer to the directory this year, Mr. Zzyzz has drawn some attention to himself, for he has all at once supplanted Mr. Zzyn and Mr. Zzyz. He went the latter one better—one "z" better—and the former was nowhere in lastness beside him. Just what awards and decorations attach to being last in a phone book has never been made clear. But there must be some advantage. One man changed his name from Zzyk to Zzyx in an effort to clinch the place. How vain, indeed, are human wishes. For along came Mr. Zzyzz to ruin Mr. Zzyk's (or Zzyz's) ambition.

A High Flag Pole

British Columbia's Tallest Spar For Toronto Exhibition

Carrying on her deck, what is said to be the tallest spar of Douglas fir shipped out of British Columbia, the Canadian National Steamship, "The Canadian Ranger," reached Montreal, recently from Vancouver, via Panama. This spar is 186 feet in length, measures 36 inches at the butt and is ten inches at the top. It weighs 25,000 pounds, and contains 5,000 feet board measurement. It was cut by the Timberland Lumber Company and forwarded as a gift to the Canadian National Exhibition, at Toronto.

Discover Potash Deposits

The Consolidating Mining and Smelting Company, at Trail, when scouring the country for potash deposits which are needed at the plant for the manufacture of commercial fertilizer, is reported to have located large deposits south of Vernon, B.C. Samples on analysis are said to have run 6.30 per cent. potash, which is slightly above the average.

"But how did you come to kill the old lady?"

"I will tell you in case it should be useful to you later."—Moustique, Charleroi.

Royal York Hotel "Hello" Girls

If a telephone call to the Royal York Hotel brings the response that the line is busy, you can take it for granted that not one but eighty trunk lines are in use. There are 1,300 individual telephones handled by three private exchanges and the twenty-seven young ladies in the photograph operate the main switchboard. They were tested for voice and general disposition and selected out of hundreds of applicants. From your room phone you can call the hotel office, Toronto and out-of-town people and even overseas to Great Britain, as business or friendship requires.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Reports from northern salmon waters in B.C. indicate a good sockeye catch this season.

The River Shannon has been harnessed in the service of the nation and has started distributing light, heat, and power throughout the Free States.

The Furness liner S.S. Nova Scotia, made a record trip from Liverpool when she docked at St. John's after five days and eleven hours on the Atlantic.

Government aid in the erection and operation of Canadian radio broadcasing stations for the benefit of Canadians has been recommended by the Kiwanis Committee of Public Affairs for Canada.

Charles Morse, K.C., registrar of the exchequer court of Canada, has been appointed an acting judge of that court for the purpose of dealing with appeals arising out of the revaluation of soldier lands.

On the arrival of the Canadian mails in London, recently, a portion of the Montreal airmail was found to be rifled. It was reported that many of the registered packages of considerable value were missing.

The visible supply of American grain shows the following changes in bushels: Wheat, increased 5,968,000; corn, decreased 660,000; oats, decreased 158,000; rye, decreased 80,000; barley, increased 170,000.

Lieut.-Col. J. S. Rankin has been appointed junior solicitor in the department of national defence, it was announced by the civil service commission. Before moving to the capital recently Lieut.-Col. Rankin resided in Regina.

Daylight saving with clocks turned ahead two hours instead of one hour as in western countries, may be adopted in Japan, beginning with the summer of 1930. The proposal already has received tentative government approval.

Cleaning clothes with gasoline and smoking at the same time proved fatal for Fred Weston, who died of severe burns in hospital at Winnipeg. He received his injuries a week ago, when he dropped a cigarette into a gasoline container.

Advertising Alberta

Province To Exhibit Products and Resources At U.S. Fairs

Alberta will again be advertised this season by an exhibit of agricultural products and natural resources to be shown at a number of state and county fairs in the United States. Arrangements were made by the Publicity Branch of the Department of Agriculture to show this display at fairs in Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas during August and September. A marked increase in the interest shown in the opportunities for settlement in Alberta and in emigration to the province is reported from the localities in which similar exhibits have been shown during the past few years.

Cold Storage For Fruit

Word has been received that the Federal Department of Agriculture has made a grant of $7,000 towards the enlargement of the cold storage facilities of the Vernon Fruit Union. This will enable the Union to store 70,000 boxes of apples at one time.

Our International Boundary

The International Boundary between Canada and the United States, including Alaska, is 5,500 miles in length.

Little Waldo was much impressed by his first trip through the garden. Coming to the morning glories, he shouted: "Oh, mother, come see the vine with the loud speakers!"

A scientist has discovered that housecleaning is caused by a microbe.

The Doorkeeper who had been a footballer. — Sondagsnisse - Strix, Stockholm.

W. N. U. 1796

Tentaive Schedule For Western Air Mail

Service To Be Inaugurated In October According To Present Plans

The new air mail service in Western Canada operating between Winnipeg and Regina, between Regina and Edmonton, and between Regina and Banff, will be inaugurated early in October, if ground work can be completed in time it was announced by the post office department. A tentative schedule drawn up will send a plane roaring West from Winnipeg at 9 o'clock central standard time, every night to arrive at Banff at 6.45 a.m., Mountain time, early enough to have mail transferred to the train which left Winnipeg the previous morning.

Normally, postal matter mailed at Winnipeg during the 12 hours previous to the take-off of the plane would not reach Banff until the day after the machine's arrival. The new service by making use of a night flying route will be able to bring about a saving of 48 hours on matter mailed at Winnipeg and destined for the Pacific slope and 24 hours on transcontinental mail from points further east than Winnipeg which will be transferred from the train arriving at Winnipeg and rushed ahead by air to overtake the train which left the day before. The eastbound mail will leave Banff at 11 p.m., Mountain time, and will arrive in Winnipeg at 9.15, central standard time the following morning catching the train which left Banff 24 hours before.

The schedule of the branch route between Regina and Edmonton has not yet been drawn up in any definite form.

834

SNUG HIPS

Smart, becoming and practical. A wide band gives the desired snugness through the hips and a slight blousing to bodice. The French V front adds length to figure. Design No. 834 combines printed and plain georgette crepe, smart plaid pattern in navy blue and white, cool and flattering for all-day wear. Printed silk crepe, canton-faille crepe, men's silk shirting fabric, pique, printed linen, washable flat silk crepe and shantung are other smart suggestions. Pattern comes in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. The 36-inch size requires 2⅝ yards of 40-inch material with ⅜ yard of 36-inch contrasting. Price 25 cents in stamp or coin (coin preferred).

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No............ Size ....

....

....

Name ....

Town ....

Maybe He Would

"I'll bet if I was married I'd be boss and tell my wife where to head in," declared the bachelor.

"Yes," retorted the old married man, "and I suppose when you get to a railroad crossing you honk your horn to warn the oncoming express to get out of your way, don't you?"

Pioneer Missionary Honored

Prominent Citizen Pays Tribute To Memory Of Father Lacombe

In honor of the man whom the Indians called "The Noble Soul" and "The Man with the Good Heart," and who has come to be known in history as one of the greatest pioneers in Western Canada, 3,000 men and women gathered at the little town of St. Albert, nine miles out of Edmonton, on the Canadian National Railways.

"For sixty-seven years he labored for God, his fellow men and his country," says the inscription on the base of the monument to Father Lacombe, and citizens prominent in the affairs of the northwest and of Canada itself paid tribute to him as a man, a teacher and a builder.

Born in Quebec in 1827, Father Lacombe came west in 1849 and built his mission at St. Albert nearly 60 years ago. Today, high on the hill, and within a step of the old log church which afterwards became the Cathedral, stands the life size figure in bronze of the great missionary. With cross uplifted as in the days of his heroism among the Indians, Father Lacombe stands and looks down over the valley. The statue was brought from France by means of the efforts of Rev. Father Jan, O.M.I., parish priest of St. Albert, assisted by prominent citizens and old timers of Alberta and by a group of patrons of which one of the most interested was Sir Henry Thornton.

The statue was unveiled by Patrick Burns, of Calgary, old friend of Father Lacombe, and addresses were delivered by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, Ligonry Lacombe, M.P., relative of the honored missionary and representative of Quebec.

No contribution ever made by his department gave him more satisfaction than the memorial park which had been set aside at St. Albert and in which the monument stood, Hon. Charles Stewart said in his address. The Alberta government gave its assistance and the Canadian National Railways donated and brought in the gravel for the highway leading to it. In commenting on the creeds and races, and stations, represented in this gathering in honor of a great citizen, Mr. Stewart declared that the complex problems of race and creed in Canada would be settled by the broad tolerant united spirit which characterized today's ceremony.

Quebec, said Ligonry Lacombe, was proud to have given birth to the son who became the hero of the finest pages of the northwest. Father Lacombe was a colonizer who saw the future of the prairies with confidence. And his sowing, scattered in the soil of sacrifice, was bearing rich fruit.

Bisley Veteran Dead

R. T. Caiger Had Not Missed Meet Since 1860

R. T. Caiger, outstanding veteran of the National Rifle Association's meeting at Bisley Camp, is dead, at the age of 80 years. He was known and beloved by marksmen from Great Britain and all parts of the empire.

Caiger saw Queen Victoria fire the opening shot in the first N.R.A. meeting held in 1860. He competed himself for the Queen's Prize that year and many years since, and until last meeting recently concluded, had never missed a single meeting. Right up to the last Caiger could sing a song with the best of the visiting marksmen.

Chief—You want time off to be married? You only returned from holidays yesterday. Why didn't you get married then?"

"I didn't know the lady then."

A total of 576 films was shown in Finland in 1928. Of this number the United States supplied 364.

IMPERIAL ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

Right Hon. Philip Snowden, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the House of Commons that communications were going forward to the dominions looking to the summoning of an Imperial Economic Conference. Its purpose, he said, would be consideration of ways and means of extending intra-empire trade.

Radio and Good Music

Broadcasting Of High Class Orchestras Giving Place To Jazz

Radio started upon its spectacular career as something of a toy. It was a contrivance which the mechanically minded could fool with in their spare time and which they could use to amaze the uninitiated by the miraculous results of their ingenuity. Soon it took on more formidable proportions and before most of us realized its potentialities it was not only providing universal entertainment but proving itself an important factor in our cultural progress. Is this upward curve in radio development to be continued? Or, having reached such heights, is the curve to turn downward?

This question is inspired by the fact that radio music is sinking into a decline. There are more jazz and less concert music on the air than there were a year or two ago. The broadcasting of the recognized orchestras is being cut down in favor of popular song and dance numbers.

If this tendency continues the radio will be losing an unprecedented opportunity. One of its greatest assets is its ability to bring good music into the homes of people who have never had the opportunity to appreciate what music can be. It has done much to develop a taste for the classical as opposed to modern jazz and could do much more. It has a certain responsibility it cannot escape.—New York Evening Post.

Information Wanted

"Suppose, Bessie," (the teacher was trying to explain the meaning of recuperate), "suppose your papa has worked very hard all day; he is tired and worn out, isn't he?"

"Yes, teacher."

"Then when night comes and his work is over for the day, what does he do?"

"That's just what mother wants to know," replied Bessie.

Don't trim your lamp so zealously as to extinguish it.

Any man who hasn't a good opinion of himself is inwardly deformed.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 4

BELSHAZZAR'S FEAST

Golden Text: "Be not drunken with wine, wherein is riot."—Ephesians 5. 18.

Lesson: Daniel 5,1-31.
Devotional Reading: Psalm 1.

Explanations and Comments

Belshazzar's Feast, verses 1-4. — Belshazzar invited a thousand of his lords to a great feast, at which they drank wine from the gold and silver vessels which his father Nebuchadnezzar had taken from the temple in Jerusalem. And as they drank they praised the gods of gold and of silver, of brass, of iron, of wood, and of stone.

Quick the king spoke, while his proud glance burned.
Quickly the servant went and returned.
He bore on his head the vessels of gold
Of Jehovah's temple the plunder bold.
With daring hand, in his frenzy grim,
The King seized a beaker and filled to the brim,
And drained to the dregs the sacred cup,
And foaming he cried, as he drunk it up,
"Jehovah, eternal scorn, I own
To Thee. I am monarch of Babylon."

Thus the German poet Heine pictures the scene. Even to a pagan mind such a use of sacred vessels was sacrilege. It was a bold defiance of the Most High God.

The Writing On the Palace Wall Which the Wise Men Fail To Interpret, verses 5-9.—While they were thus revelling, they saw the fingers of a man's hand write upon the wall. Belshazzar trembled and called for the enchanters and soothsayers to interpret the writing, but they could neither read nor interpret it.

On the Queen's Advice, Daniel Is Brought Before the King, verses 13-16.—The queen entered the banquet house and tried to calm the king by telling him that there was a man in his kingdom whom Nebuchadnezzar his father had made master of all the wise men, and he could interpret the dream. So Daniel was sent for. The king told Daniel that he had heard of him, and his wisdom, and if he would read and interpret the writing, he should be clothed with purple (the royal attire), have a chain of gold about his neck and be clothed third ruler in the kingdom.

The Interpretation Of the Writing, verses 25-28.—This is the writing Tekel, Upharsin," that is, "Number that was inscribed: "Mene, Mene, ed, Numbered, Weighed, and Divisions," as the words given literally in the margin of our Bible.

"We too, shall be weighed in the balances and found what? If we put our lives into God's hands now, we need have no fear of passing into His hands then. We have our temptations, but they are not greater than those of Belshazzar. We have our endowment and our opportunities and they may be even greater than his because of the age in which we live. But this is certain: we have what Belshazzar had not—the example and teaching of Jesus Christ and the grace that never fails those who avail themselves of help divine." — J. W. G. Ward.

Taking Long Hike

Newfoundland Man Making World Trip For $40,000 Wager

Andre R. McWhyte, a Newfoundland Scout, who two years ago set to do a round-the-world tramp for a wager of $40,000, has just completed his tour of England and Scotland. Mr. McWhyte, who is 43 years of age, is the son of a Scotsman who emigrated to Newfoundland. Mr. McWhyte hopes to complete his tramp in North America within the next six years. He is carrying equipment weighing 38 pounds, and endeavors to obtain the autograph of the Chief Magistrate or Mayor of every town he passes through. The signature of the Lord Provost of Glasgow is among those in his log-book.

Peace River Crop

Wheat production in the Peace River District may reach 10,000,000 bushels this year, barring frost and hail, according to L. A. Giroux, M.L.A., who is back from that region. He expressed his belief that the crop of wheat will be the best in twelve years.

New Wonders Of the Air

Amazing Development Shown In Planes Now Under Construction

"With aeroplanes that travel at a speed of over three hundred and fifty miles an hour and giant air ships that house restaurants and ballrooms, few of us dare probe into the future of aviation. Every day sees some great new wonder of the air, and here are a few that we may expect in the course of the next few months.

A colossal flying hotel, with even more room and comfort than the Graf Zeppelin, is being built in Germany. With accommodation for eighty passengers, the aeroplane will weigh fifty tons and will be four times larger than any machine yet constructed.

Work has been already commenced on a huge air liner which is to carry fifty passengers. Some idea of the size of the new machine is obtained when it is learned that the passengers will travel in the wings, which are to be eight feet thick.

A seaplane measuring one hundred feet from wing-tip to wing-tip has already passed its flying trials in America. With accommodation for thirty-two passengers, it has been built to compete against the huge new European flying boat.

Interesting Exhibit By Experimental Farms

Several New Features Seen On Western Fair Circuit

Several new features were seen in the exhibit from the Dominion Experimental Farm on the Western Fair circuit.

The animal husbandry section consists of a central device which points out the relation between high milk production per cow, and low milk production per 100 lb. on the other. This information is accentuated by photographing of dairy cows with legends calling attention to the fact that the high producing and low producing cows can only be determined by the use of the milk scales and Babcock test. On the tables are shown types of suitable milk scales and also a Babcock test outfit with instructions for use, milk recording sheets and case, etc.—in fact, everything necessary to conduct the testing of a herd of cows for milk and fat production.

The botanical section of the exhibit illustrates, by means of rusted plant material and otherwise, the life cycle of the stem rust organism. It shows the types of injury caused to the living plant, and the effects of the rust on the grain. Another phase of the exhibit is a demonstration of the methods used in controlling stem rust. This shows the effectiveness of sulphur dusting as a measure for the prevention of rust, and likewise the results which are being achieved by the plant breeders in developing rust resistant varieties of wheat and oats.

The Need Of the Hour

Appears To Be Better Driver Than Better Cars

Good automobile driving is essentially a matter of good manners. They are one and inseparable, suggesting that "distinction without a difference."

If more good manners among motorists would make good drivers, and that would be inevitable, users of the highways and streets would desire nothing more than a great rebirth of chivalry and strict adherence to the rules of etiquette.

Is not the need of the hour better drivers rather than better motor cars?—Montreal Herald.

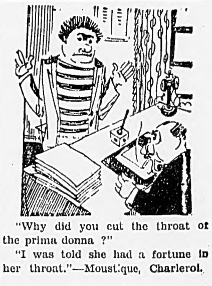
Medium Would Be Right

The young housewife called at the shop to buy oysters.

"Do you want large or small ones?" she was asked.

"Just medium, I think," she said. "My husband takes a 16 collar."

The average elevation of the earth above the sea level is 2,300 feet.



"Why did you cut the throat of the prima donna ?"

"I was told she had a fortune in her throat."—Moustique, Charleroi.

Finest Limited Train on Continent

This is how the Trans-Canada appears as she leaves Montreal each evening. The all-steel equipment of this train, which was built at the Angus Shops of the Canadian Pacific Railway is epitomized in the Solarium car which is carried at the rear end. With a vita-glazed solarium, two shower baths, men's and ladies' smoking-room and a large observation-lounge, this car is the most luxurious to operate over Canadian lines and is open in its entirety to patrons of the Trans-Canada Limited.

CANADA WOULD HELP U.S. TO STOP RUM RUNNING

Ottawa.—If the United States is prepared to check up on their own boats, Canada will consider any further reasonable measure to halt the liquor traffic across the border. This offer was made by Hon. W. D. Euler, minister of national revenue, in a statement replying to numerous petitions asking the government to refuse clearances to liquor-laden craft.

Canada is willing to keep Canadians out of the liquor export business, he said.

At present the United States has no regulation requiring their vessels to obtain clearances. Accordingly, the authorities there have no means of checking up on the activities of their own people, the statement points out. If the Canadian practice were carried out they would have a means of control which would provide in a large measure the remedy for the conditions for which they complain.

The statement reviews the rum-running situation between the two countries and in a general way replies to the barrage of communications which have been pouring in on the ministers from temperance people in Canada who wished this country to refuse liquor clearances.

The statement sets forth that practically 100 per cent. of the rum runners are American citizens who ply their trade with United States boats, but if Canadian citizens and Canadian boats engage in the traffic the government would be prepared to enact legislation dealing with the matter.

Only from two per cent. to five per cent. of the liquor consumed in the United States comes from Canada, the statement continues.

Canada spends a million dollars a year preventing liquor-smuggling from friendly countries which do not prohibit clearances.

Mr. Euler unequivocally denies that the government is favoring the liquor interests as a return for campaign funds. He points to the legal actions against brewers and distillers as proof of this.

Considerable emphasis is laid on the fact that the boats engaged in liquor-running along the Canadian border are required to get clearances by the Canadian government, but not by the government of the U.S. Mr. Euler thinks if the U.S. authorities would require clearances it would largely remedy the situation.

Should the Dominion Parliament enact legislation prohibiting clearances, the effect would probably be to "drive the traffic underground, saddle us with heavy expenses and do our neighbors no good."

Hoyt Returns To New York

'Plane Only Slightly Damaged In Making Forced Landing

Winnipeg. — After successfully breaking the record flying time from New York to Nome, Alaska, Captain Ross G. Hoyt, of the United States army, who was forced down by fuel trouble recently, on his return journey, at Valemount, British Columbia, about 40 miles from Jasper National Park, passed through Winnipeg over Canadian National Railways, on his way to New York.

Fying by way of Minneapolis, Edmonton, White Horse, Yukon, Fairbanks, Alaska, and thence on to Nome, Hoyt made the flight, a distance of 4,300 miles, in 32 hours' actual flying time. It was on the return journey, near Valemount, when he first noticed the trouble, and not having sufficient altitude to make the closest landing ground at Henry House flats, near Jasper, he was forced to land in a little valley, which damaged his 'plane. The 'plane, although only slightly damaged, was beyond Valemount's facilities for repairs, and the 'pane was loaded on a freight car for shipment to New York.

"My disappointment in not being able to fly home," said Capt. Hoyt, "was offset by the wonderful kindness and the many courtesies which the Canadian National Railways extended to me."

New Flying Instructor

Ottawa.—A. H. Wilson was approved by the civil aviation branch as instructor of the Vancouver Flying Club. He replaces Percy Hainstock, who was killed in the crash of the club's 'plane two days ago. Wilson formerly conducted a flying school for the British Columbia Airways at Victoria, B.C.

W. N. U. 1796

British Naval Reduction

Will Suspend Work On Cruiser and Submarine Construction

London, England.—In an intensely dramatic atmosphere, Rt. Hon. Ramsay MacDonald revealed to the House of Commons the policy of the Labor Government in the matter of naval reduction. He declared that his ministry was prepared to walk hand in hand with the government of the United States to avoid competitive armament and finally, after a final agreement had been reached, it was planned to summon the nations of the world into conference on the subject of general paring down of armed forces and materials by land and sea.

Premier MacDonald first told of his conversations with the United States ambassador, General Charles G. Dawes, who was himself seated in the distinguished strangers' gallery along with other diplomats.

The government's purpose, he said, was to make the Kellogg anti-war pact an effective influence in international relations.

For the present the government proposed:

11—to suspend all work on the cruisers Surrey and Northumberland, now under construction.

2—To cancel the building of the submarine depot ship, Maidstone.

3—To cancel the building of two submarines already contracted for.

4—To slow down dockyard work at other naval stations.

With regard to the 1929-1930 building program, the premier said in any case no further commitments would have been entered into before the autumn, but that no steps at all would be taken to proceed with it until the whole matter had received further consideration.

Premier MacDonald intimated October looked a likely month for his proposed visit to Washington for a conference with President Hoover for the purpose of advancing the objects of disarmament and world peace.

Rust Resisting Wheat

Results From Experiments Are Being Confidently Expected

Ottawa.—The experiments looking towards a variety of wheat which will be "real wheat" and at the same time have complete rust-resisting qualities are being continued, said Dr. J. H. Grisdale, deputy minister of agriculture, here recently, and results are being confidently hoped for.

While there are a number of rust-resisting varieties, certain difficulties have stood in the way of their development generally. At present those varieties are being experimented with in conjunction with the higher grades so that the results might produce a top grade of Canadian wheat to which the rust-resisting properties may adhere.

Canada's Population

Total Poplation Placed At 9,796,000 As At June 1st, 1929

Ottawa.—Canada's total population stood at 9,796,000 as of June 1, 1929, according to an estimate issued recently by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This is an increase of approximately 38,000 persons over the same date last year, when the estimated population was 9,658,000.

The report, covering the years 1921-29 inclusive, further showed that the Dominion's population had increased by more than 1,000,000 persons during that period. In 1921, the census recorded 8,788,483 persons.

Save for Prince Edward Island and the Yukon, all provinces enjoyed population increases during the last year.

Carried Patriotism Too Far

Winnipeg.—A. Kristjanssen, a visitor from the United States, was fined $25 and costs in police court on a charge of being disorderly in a public place. He complanied noisily in a local theatre when the audience failed to applaud the American flag when a news reel parade picture was flashed on the screen.

Grain Standards Board

Winnipeg.—The newly appointed Grain Standards Board, which will designate the new 75-25 out-turn standard for grain shippers, met here and approved, with one exception, standards for all grades from number one northern to number six wheat.

Appointed Acting Judge

Ottawa.—Charles Morse, K.C., registrar of the exchequer court of Canada, has been appointed an acting judge of that court for the purpose of dealing with appeals arising out of the revaluation of soldier lands.

Steamers En Route To Hudson's Bay

To Carry Out Government Plans For Northern Development

Ottawa.—Canada's annual advance on the north is now in full swing. Four steamers are hurrying north in connection with the government's plans for the development of that great territory. Three of them are bound for Hudson Straits, and Hudson Bay, to provide aids to navigation so that all will be ready when the port of Churchill is opened. The fourth, the steamship "Beothic," is on her annual cruise to the Canadian Arctic archipelago, where the various outposts will be visited.

The department of marine has sent the steamer "Arranmore" to Hudson Straits accompanied by the steamship "Sambro" to construct a direction-finding station on Resolution Island. The steamship "Acadia" is on her way to Churchill with a hydrographic party to survey the approaches of that port.

CRUISER BUILDING PROGRAM OF U.S. TO BE CANCELLED

Washington.—In a formal statement, President Hoover announced that the construction of the cruisers included in this year's naval building program would not be begun until there has been an opportunity for consideration of their effect upon the final agreement for naval parity which, he said, he expected would be reached between Great Britain and the United States.

The President declared he had read with "real satisfaction" the statement of Premier MacDonald made in the House of Commons. Mr. Hoover declared the American people were "greatly complimented" by Premier MacDonald's proposed visit and that he would find a universal welcome in the United States.

"Mr. MacDonald, the president said, "has introduced the principle of parity which we now have adopted and its consummation means that Great Britain and the United States henceforth are not to compete in armament as potential opponents, but to co-operate as friends in the reduction of it."

Asserting that he could not but be responsive to the principles enunciated by MacDonald, Mr. Hoover declared the United States joins the British premier in his efforts toward disarmament in the same spirit.

Mr. MacDonald has indicated the good-will and positive intention of the British Government by suspension of construction of certain portions of this year's British program,

"It is the desire of the United Mr. Hoover said.

States to show equal good-will in our approach to the problem.

"We have three cruisers in this year's construction which have been undertaken in the government navy yards, the detailed drawings for which are now in course of preparation.

"Actual keels would, in the ordinary course, be laid down some time this fall. Generally speaking, the British cruiser strength considerably exceeds American strength at the present time and the actual construction of these three cruisers would not be likely in themselves to produce inequality in the final result.

"We do not wish, however, to have any misunderstanding of our actions and therefore we shall not lay these keels until there has been an opportunity for full consideration of their effect upon the final agreement for parity which we expect to reach, although our hopes of relief from construction lie more largely in the latter years of the program under the law of 1928."

QUEBEC CONSERVATIVE LEADER

Mayor Camillien Houde, of Montreal, on July 10, was unanimously elected leader of the Conservative party of Quebec, by the 1,000 delegates gathered in convention. Mr. Houde succeeds Arthur Sauve, leader since 1916. He was nominated by Laurent Barre, of Rouville, and seconded by Winfred Hackett, of Stanstead County.

No Extra Harvesters Needed For West

Sufficient Help In Canada Says Minister Of Immigration

Winnipeg.—With a light grain crop in Western Canada this year, the Canadian Government has decided to extend no call to Great Britain for the unemployed there to come to the Dominion and help in the harvesting, declared Hon. Robert Forks, Canadian minister of immigration, who was in Winnipeg recently. He stressed the fact that there is sufficient help in Canada to successfully harvest this year's crop.

"I have been through the west," he declared, "and I found crops rather light. This means that we will not need as many harvesters this year as last. There are sufficient men in Canada to harvest this year's crop."

Need Great Empire Policy

Otherwise Great Britain Will Sink To a Second Class Power, Says Conservative Candidate

London, England.—Unless a great Empire policy is adopted, Great Britain will sink to the position of a second class power, said Sir John Ferguson, Conservative candidate in the by-election in Twickenham, in a statement to his supporters at Hounslow explaining his Empire free trade policy.

Conservative headquarters declined to support Sir John because his Empire trade policy is inconsistent with the general party program and their action has given rise to a lively debate within the Conservative party.

Grants Permission For Flight

Tokio. — Official permission has been granted by the Japanese Government to Lt. Harold Bromley, a native of Victoria, B.C., who plans a Tacoma-to-Tokio flight to fly over Japan and land at Tachikawa air field, 25 miles west of Tokio.

Centenarian Dies

London, England.—At the age of 102, Lady Noble, widow of Sir Andrew Noble, famous armaments manufacturer, died, July 23, at Bath. Lady Noble was born in Quebec, the daughter of Alexander Campbell, a notary of Lower Canada.

Killed By Bandits

Buffalo, N.Y.—A cablegram from Han Yano, China, reports the killing by bandits of Rev. Timothy Leonard, missionary with the Chinese Misson Society. Father Leonard was from Country Limerick, Ireland.

Severe Earthquake In Iceland

Was Worst Shock Country Has Experienced In Years

London, England. — Reykjavik despatches to the London Daily Mail said the southwest coast of Iceland had experienced its most severe earth shock in years. Big concrete buildings in the capital swayed and terror stricken inhabitants abandoned all houses in a few seconds. The shock was most severe near Mount Hekla. No casualties have been reported. Many of the island's residents spent the night under the open sky.

New President Elected

Native Of Winnipeg Honored By British Medical Association

Manchester, Eng. — Dr. Harvey Smith, a native of Winnipeg, was formally elected president of the British Medical Association. The association will meet in Winnipeg next year, and Dr. Smith remarked the invitation to visit Winnipeg had first been extended when the association met in Montreal 33 years ago.

"It seems a long time to wait, but ultimately the great reward comes to us," he said.

CHINESE ANXIOUS TO AVERT WAR WITH RUSSIA

London, Eng. — Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson, foreign secretary, told the House of Commons that he had reason to hope that the danger of war would be averted in the Russo-Chinese situation.

He said he had received from the Chinese charge d'affaires assurance from the Chinese Government that it was anxious for a pacific solution, that it would take no aggressive action and that it was ready for a round table conference with Soviet representatives.

The assurance added, said Mr. Henderson, that if Soviet Russia should resort to forcible measures the Chinese government would appeal to the League of Nations under articles of the Covenant.

Suggestions were made in London that the Chinese nationalists government has asked the Japanese government to intervene in its controversy with Soviet Russia to avert actual hostilities between them.

The visit of the Chinese minister, M. Wangfi upon Baron Shidehara, Japanese foreign minister at Tokyo, was believed to have offered the opportunity for such a request. There was some speculation as to whether the Chinese authorities in the reported arrest of 300 other Russian employees of the Chinese Eastern had not further complicated the situation which had begun to appear much less tense than formerly.

It was believed in any event that the Japanese action, which Reuters said it had learned authoritatively had been taken, in closing the Manchurian southern railroad to troop movements, would deter militants among the Chinese who would thus find their way into northern Manchuria greatly hampered.

Attention still was centred here upon attempts of the United States to intervene. General belief was that the invoking of the Kellogg anti-war pact would be successful in averting hostilities.

London, England. — The British Government has no intention of increasing the number of British battalions in China in the near future.

Answering questions in the House of Commons, Right Hon. Thomas Shaw, secretary for war, gave this assurance. The minister declined to say whether he considered the present British forces in China adequate or too large.

At present there are six British battalions and one battalion of Indian troops stationed in China, the minister said.

PONTIFF EMERGES FROM VATICAN AFTER LONG WAIT

Vatican City.—The 59-year existence of "the prisoner of the Vatican" was ended as Pope Pius XI. emerged from the Vatican palaces in a procession such as the Eternal City has not witnessed since the days of lavish mediaeval religious pageantry.

Following a long procession which was more brilliant and colorful than even the most enthusiastic had predicted, the head of the Roman Catholic Church was borne from the wide entrance of St. Peter's Cathedral in the last hours of daylight. Before a crowd of hundreds of thousands, the Pope was carried on a dais around the Colonnades of St. Peter's Square and returned again to the altar beneath the massive dome of the cathedral.

He held between his hands the golden monstrance of the Sacred Host and there spread out around him the elaborately costumed officials and functionaries of the state Vatican City, flanked by the black mass of a vast crowd of spectators.

For a moment at the climax of the ceremony, the figure of the Pope was a mass of white and gold which appeared to be a scintillating statue as it rested motionless in the deep twilight and amid the countless candle flames in the hands of those around the altar.

The swelling chant of the choristers was stilled and the Pope blessed the crowd.

Pope Pius left the entrance of St. Peter's Cathedral at 7.35 p.m. at the end of a long procession which had passed around the square. He was returned to the altar at 8.26 p.m.

The procession formally marked the emergence of the Pope under the recently signed Lateran Treaties, as sovereign of the state of Vatican City.

Although he did not leave Vatican City territory, it was the first time since the fall of the church's temporal power in 1870, that a Pope had left the Vatican palace grounds.

The crowd was so great that officials found it difficult to estimate but far more than 200,000 persons packed the great square and all available surrounding points.

The long procession, its choirs chanting hymns, moved with great solemnity from the wide doors of the cathedral, proceeding around the colonnades and returning to the cathedral where the Pope, surrounded by the brilliantly costumed company, raised high the glittering monstrance and blessed the crowd. A splendid climax to the ceremony of the release of the prisoner of the Vatican.

Aid For Wainwright

Supplies Sent To Stricken Town By Alberta Government

Edmonton.—A carload of emergency supplies, consisting of groceries, clothing and furniture, was sent to Wainwright by the provincial government for the relief of a number of families left in difficult circumstances by the big fire. This action was taken on the basis of a report submitted by G. B. Henwood, deputy attorney-general, and H. A. Craig, deputy minister of agriculture, who visited the stricken town and conferred with a committee of the town council as to necessary relief measures.

To Fulfill Speaking Tour

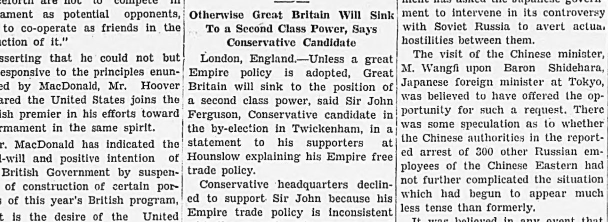
Winnipeg.—The speaking program of Hon. Herbert M. Marler, Canadian first minister to Japan, who was called to Montreal owing to the death of his father, has not been cancelled, it was stated by his secretary, A. L. Hall. Addresses which Mr. Marler is scheduled to give at Regina, Edmonton, and Calgary, will necessarily be delayed a week, but he expects to be present at functions in all three cities and arrive at Vancouver on August 5, for his trans-Pacific connection.

No Reception For Riflemen

Ottawa.—No formal reception will be given the Canadian Bisley winners by the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association, it was announced by Col. R. J. Birdwhistle, secretary of the association. Any reception which Lieut.-Col. R. M. Blair, or Lieut. Desmond Burke may receive will depend on their own municipalities or military units.

Churchill Mail Service

Churchill.—A mail service from Churchill was opened on July 18, the postal packets being carried through from Mile 445 by train.



Canadian Pacific Directors Inspect New Duchess

Following the annual meeting of the Company, the president and directors of the Canadian Pacific paid their first official visit to the "Duchess of York," latest of the 40,000 ton liners built for the St. Lawrence route to fly the red and white chequered flag. Left to right: Col. Henry Cockshutt, Sir Charles Gordon, James A. Richardson, Senator F. L. Beique, Ross H. McMaster, Captain R. N. Stuart, V.C., D.S.O., and bar, U.S.N.C., R.N.R., commander of the vessel, W. N. Tilley, K.C., E. W. Beatty, K.C., chairman and president, W. A. Black, Sir Herbert S. Holt, and Grant Hall, senior vice-president.

Should Prohibit Stunt Flying

Pilots Should Be Prevented From Taking Unnecessary Chances

Aviation officials at Ottawa state that Captain Golds, who, with a passenger, was killed recently in a crash near Montreal, had been stunt flying. It is not stated that this was the cause of the accident, but it has been the cause of many other fatalities. We think that, until planes become safer than they are now, stunt flying should be prohibited by law, at least there should be such prohibition when passengers are carried.

Flying in the best of planes, piloted by the most skillful and careful of aviators, is not without its hazards. Every day one can read in the papers of planes crashing while engaged in straight flying and in charge of experienced pilots. A plane goes into a nose dive and, in spite of every effort of the man in charge of the controls, crashes and bursts into flames, and it is all over with the unfortunate occupants. Yes, flying should be regarded as a serious undertaking. There is always the element of risk. The majority of planes, fortunately, do not crash, but some do even when carefully piloted. Several things may go wrong to send a plane to destruction.

This being so, the plane that is sanely and seriously flown has a better chance of keeping in the air than the one that is put through a series of stunts. A pilot's business should not be to provide thrills, but to make flying as safe as it is possible to make it. This he cannot possibly do if he engages in stunt flying. Aviators should be serious-minded and not try to stage a circus in the air. Apparently, however, some of them are not built that way, and the law should see that they do not endanger their own and others' lives by stunt flying. Stop this foolhardy flying by prohibiting it.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Too Much For Him

Boy Thought His Friend Carried Politeness Too Far

Herbert had been taught to rise when his mother entered the room and to remain standing until she was seated or until she withdrew.

One day a boy friend came to see him. Herbert's mother came into the room where the boys were, and Herbert rose. His friend made no move, so Herbert asked him to stand up.

A few minutes later mother again entered the room, and Herbert jumped up, while his friend reluctantly rose to his feet.

When Herbert's mother entered the room for the third time and her son rose, he guest said, disgustedly: "I say, what do you think your mother is—the National Anthem?"

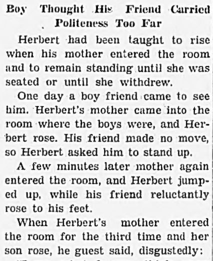
Way To Learn Language

Singing Is Easiest Road Says Famous Singer Of French-Canadian Songs

Singing is the easy road to language learning according to Charles Marchant, of Montreal, famous singer of French and French-Canadian songs, who attended the 16th biennial conveyntion of the National Federation of Music Clubs at Boston, recently. "You can always sing a language much better than you can speak it," said Mr. Marchant. "And not only do you learn it easier, but singing encourages you to study it. It arouses and maintains your interest."

New York City is the oldest incorporated city in the United States.

The hiss is the only sound which has no echo.



"There is no honesty anywhere. My maid has just run away and taken one of my best coats."

"Which one?"

"The one that I was fined for when I did not pay the duty coming back from Brussels."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1796

Cold Storage Temperatures

Proper Temperatures To Be Maintained In Handling Various Commodities

The following list of temperatures has been compiled by various sources, including the practical experience of a large number of cold storage warehousemen, and from data secured by investigators from time to time. These temperatures, given in degrees Fahrenheit, while not published as the last word on the subject, may be useful as a guide in handling the different commodities enumerated:—Apples, 31 to 32 degrees; apple butter, 42; berries, to freeze, zero; berries, frozen to store, 10 to 15; berries, fresh—few days only, 40; butter, 5 to 10; cabbage, 32 to 36; cheese, long carry, 35; cheese, cool cured, 55 to 60; cranberries and carrots, 33; cream, 15; eggs, frozen, zero to 10; eggs 29 to 32; furs, undressed, 35; hams, not brined frozen, long carry, 20; hogs, 32; lard, 40; livers, 20; Maple syrup, Maple sugar, 45; meat, to freeze, zero; meats, long storage, and beef, and lamb, etc., 18; meat, fresh, 10 to 30 days, 30; meat, fresh—few days, 35; meats, salt after curing, 43; milk, condensed, 34; oatmeal, 42; onions, 32 to 36; peach butter, 42; peaches, short carry, 50; peas, dried, 45; plums, one to two months, and parsnips, 32; potatoes, for table use, 38 to 40; potatoes, to delay germination, 32 to 34; poultry, to freeze, zero; poultry, after frozen, 10; poultry, short carry, 28; poultry, dressed (iced), short carry, 30; ribs, not brined, 20; sauerkraut, 38; salt meat, curing room, 38; shoulders, not brined, 20; sausage casings, 20; strained honey, syrup and sugar, 45; tenderloin, etc., 33; tomatoes, ripe, 42; tobacco, 42; wheat flour, 42. These and many other prpoducts are listed in Circular No. 47, entitled "Cold Storage Temperatures," available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Feeding Of Poultry

A Balanced Ration Consists Of Proper Amounts Of Protein, Carbohydrates and Fat

The feeding of poultry is more or less like the feeding of any other live stock, and the ration used must be varied according to the purpose for which it is intended. For successful feeding it is necessary to use grains, both whole and ground, green food, animal food, mineral food and water liberally supplied. Charcoal may also be used to advantage.

These feeds must not only be supplied, but they must be supplied in such quantities that they will form a ration suited to the purpose for which it is intended. Such a ration is called a balanced ration. "Poultry Feeds and Feeding," Bulletin No. 1 of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, available at the Publications Branch, describes a balanced ration as one that contains protein, carbohydrates, and fat—the elements of nutrition—in the proportion required for the maintenance and activities of the animal to which it is fed. This however is not all. In the light of more recent knowledge, it is known (1) that it is essential that the ration contains protein, not only ample in amount, but of the right kind; (2) that there be an adequate supply of mineral matter, and (3) that the ration contain sufficient vitamines of the right kinds.

Labrador Duck Is Rare

Few people would care to give $5,000 for a duck. This was, however, the value of one exhibited recently. It was a specimen of the Labrador duck, which is rarer than the famous great auk. Only forty-five specimens exist. It inhabited the north-eastern coast of America until about fifty years ago, when it disappeared suddenly, and not a single specimen has been seen in the neighborhood since.

Rather Ambiguous

First sister (who has received picture postcard from father abroad): "What does your card say, Marie?"

Second Sister: "It says, 'This is the mountain from which the ancients used to throw their defective children. Wish you were both here. —Dad.'"

Erect New Show Building

The contract for the construction of the new sheep and swine show building at the Regina Exhibition grounds has been awarded to a local firm of builders. Accommodation will be provided for about 700 sheep or swine, or about 136 head of cattle.

Victoria, Australia, plans to spend $5,000,000 in building houses.

A burnt child dreads the fire but it's different with widowers.

Appointed Director

James A. Richardson, of James Richardson and Sons, Winnipeg, who has been appointed a director of the Canada Colonization Association it is announced by the Department of Colonization and Development, Canadian Pacific Railway. Mr. Richardson is a director of the latter Company, the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Canadian Vickers, Ltd., and either presides over or holds important office in over a score of other Canadian companies and institutions.

Make Good Hay Crop

Oats Infested With Rust No Good As Grain

Fields of oats which have become badly infested with rust will generally give a better crop of hay than they will of grain. Rust first appears in the summer as dark reddish-brown or rust-colored lines, chiefly on the stems and leaf sheaths, sometimes also on the leaves and chaff. These lines will be found to contain a reddish powder. Later in the season the plants become covered with black lines. Rust lowers the yield of grain very materially, and where the infestation is severe on oats the crop may be made into hay by cutting when the kernels are in the milk stage.

Western Dairy Convention

The dates for the 1930 Western Canada Dairy Convention have been set for the Royal Alexander Hotel, Winnipeg, February 4 to 7 inclusive, and all committees have been struck and arrangements are well under way. N. S. Dow is convener of the program and publicity committees.

Just Superstition

The old superstition that the horns of a crescent moon foretell the weather by tipping up or down could not very well "work," for the position of the crescent moon on any given date is always the same in places having the same latitude.

Britain's Shoe Trade

Great Britain is the world's greatest exporter of leather footwear. Last year British exports had a value of more than £5,000,000, double that of American boot and shoe exports during the same period.

Canning By Cold-Pack Method

Rules To Be Carefully Followed In Order To Ensure Success

Select fresh, ripe fruits, allowing the shortest time possible between time of picking and canning. It is not advisable to use overripe or soft fruit. Do not use fruit picked immediately after a rain as it becomes soft, and, in the case of strawberries, often has sand or dirt adhering.

Grade the fruits according to size, shape, degree of ripeness, and colour so that the contents of each jar will be as nearly uniform as possible. Pick over and remove all fruits with bruised or decayed parts.

Wash the small fruits by placing in a colander and sprinkling water very carefully over them.

The large firm fruits should be thoroughly washed, then blanched, and cold-dipped where necessary to remove skins, etc.

Pack the fruit carefully into tested sterilized jars, packing as firmly as possible without crushing the fruits.

Fill the jars to overflowing with boiling hot syrup.

Adjust rubbers, cover and partly seal. Neither fingers nor utensils should touch the inside of jar or cover. Place jar in sterilizer and fill with warm water at least two inches over top of jar. The water should be about the same temperature as the jar to avoid breaking. Boil the required length of time.

Remove from the sterilizer and seal tightly, invert, and cool as quickly as possible, but avoid draughts as this is liable to crack jars.

Wash, label, and store. This and much other valuable information appears in Bulletin No. 77, of the Department of Agriculture, entitled "Preserving Fruits and Vegetables in the Home." Copies may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Ottawa. Issued by the Director of Publicity, etc.

Minerals In Canadian Arctic

No One Knows the Extent Of Mineral Deposits In Northern Canada

Exploration has indicated that the rocks of the Canadian Arctic mainland and archipelago are similar to those that characterize the southern and better known parts of the Dominion. A number of economic minerals are known to exist at different points, although the extent and value of these deposits, which include coal of Carboniferous and Tertiary age, and graphite, mica, and native copper of Precambrian age, have not yet been determined.

But There Are Not

According to the Detroit News a commercial report says 18,000,000 pairs of cotton stockings were made in the United States in February, and there's another thing that would be fine for cleaning lamp chimneys if there were lamp chimneys.

In a day the average adult breathes 400 cubic feet of air.

Plant Lice

Very Few Kinds Of Plants That Are Free From Injury By Insects

There are very few kinds of plants which are free from injury by the various species of plant lice, which are also known as "aphis" and "green fly." Plant lice are small delicate, soft-bodied insects; they multiply in numbers very rapidly and are capable of causing serious damage unless effectually checked. Some aphids, like the pea aphid, appear suddenly in enormous numbers and completely destroy sweet peas as well as garden peas. The foliage of ornamental bushes such as the snowball, etc., is often rendered unsightly by the curling and deforming of the leaves caused by plant lice. There are a great many different kinds of plant lice in Canada; some are green, others dark-coloured, and some even red; a common red species is the one which occurs on golden glow. All are sucking insects and live solely on the juice which they extract from their host plants. Some kinds feed on the under side of the foliage, others cluster on the stems of plants, and others again are found attacking the roots. They secrete a sweet liquid known as honeydew which attracts ants and causes the growth of a sooty fungus which greatly disfigures the plants.

One of the best bulletins issued free by the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, is the one entitled "Insects of the Flower Garden and Their Control," and this advises that as the plant lice appear in early spring, garden plants should be examined at frequent intervals for their presence. The undersides of leaves and the upper portions of stems are the chief feeding places, and when the insects are first noticed the plants should be sprayed with a contact insecticide such as kerosene emulsion, whale oil soap, or a tobacco preparation. Whichever insecticide is used, must be applied so as to reach the places where the insects are clustered. Only the plant lice which are actually hit by the spray will be killed. For those kinds which are found attacking the roots of garden plants, such as asters, it is recommended to loosen the earth around portions of the roots and apply, freely, nicotine sulphate solution, in the strength of one teaspoonful to one gallon of soapy water.

More Sleep Needed To Refresh Brain

Tests Show Only Four Hours Required To Revive Body

More sleep is needed for accuracy in brain work than for restoration of physical capabilities. And the proverbial eight hours is, for mental purposes, at least, a good business investment. These findings are from sleep tests made at the Colgate University psychology laboratory, under direction of Dr. Donald A. Laird, director.

Purely physical functions require no more than four hours for restoration to normal, and some of them appear completely recovered with but one hour's sleep. Mental accuracy, however, is quite another story, although some mental functions, like speed, seem restored in four hours. Every hour of sleep discloses added improvement in the quality of accuracy.

"What do we want from sleep?" Dr. Laird asks. "If merely reaction time or coordination of learning speed, possibly four hours would be adequate. But if we want greater learning accuracy or more improvements in the mental functions shown by a dot-counting contest, then the indications are that twice four hours is none too many."

"Healthy, active college men were experimented upon," he says, "so our conclusions can be applied with scientific precaution only to young men just entering into manhood. It is possible that old people, and the opposite sex, might yield different results, although there are no especially serious reasons for assuming definitely that they would."

Nerve reaction in response to a sound shows complete return to normal in four hours. So likewise does coordination, obtained by standing rigid, with eyes closed for one minute, attempting not to wobble.

To Revive Drowned

At the International Life-Saving Congress, at Trouville, France, it was demonstrated that it was possible by means of a new apparatus to revive persons who previously would have been considered dead from drowning. Thirty-five nations were represented at the Congress.

Mother: "Quit tracking mud on the living room rug, Johnny!"

Johnny: "All right, mom, where shall I track it."

Wild Fruit At Churchill

Blueberries, Strawberries, Cranberries and Other Wild Fruit Grow In Abundance

Churchill is not a bleak waste. When Jens Munck discovered it in 1615, the river was heavily timbered and the forest abounded in small fruits. Although the forests have long since been denuded by fire and man's necessities, it is still a country of small fruit.

Cranberries grow there in abundance everywhere and in all situations. They are not the cranberry of the marshes of the east, but the smaller berry with decidedly more flavor. Packed in casks with sugar they last for years. In this form, in the old days, they were an important article of commerce for the Hudson's Bay Company's ships bound for England.

On the rocky areas near the ruined Fort Prince of Wales, gooseberries thrive and spread about the ground like vines. Due to the reflected heat from the stones and gravel, the fruit is always most plentiful on the under side of the bush. The diaries of the Hudson's Bay Company reveal that many a pie and tart were made from them before Wolfe ever set foot in Canada.

Heather berries, which grow close to the ground, are prized because of the fact that they make excellent wine. They abound in seeds and for this reason jam is seldom made of them, but the jelly is delicious.

In the swampy, boggy ground covered with moss, the dewater berry or bothago-tominick, as it is called by the Indians, flourishes. It resembles a strawberry, with larger leaves. The single berry growing at the end of a stalk ripens in August and is valued not only for its flavor but for its anti-scorbutic properties.

The juniper berries, called crowberries by the natives, mixed with brandy make a very good wine. They are as plentiful as blades of grass.

It is the strawberry, however, which is most prized. On areas that have been burnt over and the moss removed and soil loosened, they grow in great abundance and to an extraordinary size. This is in part due to the long, sunshiny days of this northern latitude.

Next to the strawberry is the blueberry, smaller than those of Eastern Canada, but superior in flavor, again due to the long hours of sunlight. Besides being eaten fresh and preserved with sugar they are dried like currants and used for cakes and to mix with pemmican.

Red and black currants abound, the former, which are more or less in their wild state on the prairies, being especially plentiful.

In no part of the Hudson Bay region is the eyeberry as plentiful as at Churchill River. They never grow in swampy ground nor in the woods, but in small hollows among the rocks.

After the strawberry, blueberry and cranberry comes the raspberry in the estimation of the Churchillians.

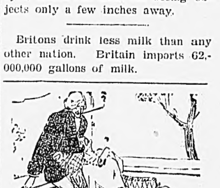
Many other species of berries abound there, but the natives, with such abundance of better fruit at hand, leave them to the birds.

It is well known that where strawberries will grow a species of apple may be developed that will prosper if the trees are guarded from the heavy frosts of winter. A century ago all berries grew in Lanark and Huron Counties, Ontario, and it was believed that apples and plums could never be grown on account of the snows and early frosts. The belief lasted for 25 years or so.—Janet Munro in Canadian Forest and Outdoors.

Eyes Of the Housefly

The housefly has both compound and single eyes. The compound eyes are used for vision at a distance of one or two yards. Between the compound eyes are three single eyes, which are used for seeing objects only a few inches away.

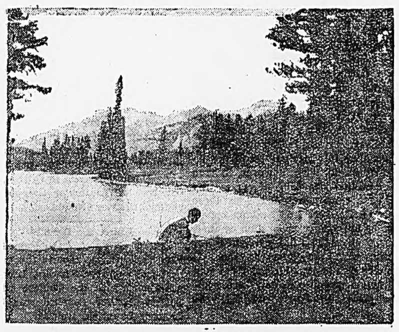
Britons drink less milk than any other nation. Britain imports 62,000,000 gallons of milk.



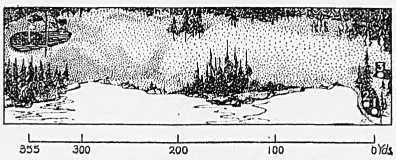
She: "Each spring I am born again."

He: "How many times have you been born up till now?"—Moustique Charleroi

OVER THE WATER



No. 14, Lac Beauvert—355 yards, Par 4.



The fact that the water in front of the 14th tee of the Jasper Park Lodge Golf Course is so clear that the ball can be seen when it rests thirty feet below the surface, isn't much consolation to the player who hooks his tee shot into the lake. A well driven tee shot goes straight to the green. A hook goes straight to the bottom.

Following the long 13th hole, this hazard is one to cause anxious moments to competitors in the Canadian Amateur and Western Canada Amateur Championships at Jasper in August, and the Silver Totem Pole Tournament in September. The upper photograph shows the tee and the plan below, the hole in detail.

IT'S folly to suffer long from neuritis, neuralgia, or headaches when relief is swift and sure, thanks to Aspirin. For 28 years the medical profession has recommended it. It does not affect the heart. Take it for colds, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago. Gargle it for a sore throat or tonsilitis. Proven directions for its many uses, in every package. Every drug store today has genuine Aspirin which is readily identified by the name on the box and the Bayer cross on every tablet.

ASPIRIN

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The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAIL

Copyright, 1928, Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.

SYNOPSIS

Marcus, the famous Broadway producer, takes a party of four to Blackie Joe's New York night club. Al Stone, Blackie's chief comedian and singing waiter, is desperately in love with Molly, the ballad singer, and begs her to read a song he has written for her. After scornfully refusing and telling him she will never marry a waiter she goes to the Marcus table and tries to ingratiate herself with the great producer. Blackie seeing Al dejected, urges him to sing the song himself — to Molly. Al says he can't sing a love ballad, but finally he consents. Grace, the cigarette girl, who is deeply and unselfishly in love with Al, encourages him.

CHAPTER VI.

The room was filled with careless chatter as Al took his place beside the pianist, at the edge of the dance floor, to sing the heart song he had written to Molly. No one in the gay crowd seemed to notice him; no one except himself, Blackie Joe and Grace knew that the next few moments meant to him success or failure with the girl he loved. He was plainly nervous at trying a ballad; his face went white and one hand gripped the side of the piano.

The pianist struck the opening bars and Al began the verse, haltingly but determinedly. He had located the one face he wanted to keep before his eyes throughout the song—Molly's. But Molly was busy talking to Marcus; she didn't even know Al was singing.

As he continued the people at the tables nearest him stopped talking and gave him their attention. Then it seemed as if he caught the merry-makers a little farther away and they, too, became silent. He was singing as he had never sung before, throwing his whole soul into the words.

When he finished the verse and swung into the chorus the pianist whispered up at him, "Good boy, Al!" And as the pianist ran his fingers swiftly up and down the ivories he marvelled at this singing waiter who had been a comedian up until this moment and now suddenly unleashed a voice vibrating with sentimental appeal.

Al relaxed when he reached the chorus. It was the chorus that would put him over or reveal him as a failure to Molly, but he felt it so deeply that he seemed to sing it without effort. Every person in the audience was blocked out from his vision except Molly— her vivacious face stood out alone in a sea of darkness. Yet he could not help but see that she was still talking to Marcus. She, among all the listeners in that big room, seemed to be heedless of his presence.

But as she whispered to Marcus a strange thing happened. The astute revue producer heard the song and, although he hadn't paid much attention to it at first, now he suddenly became all interest. His hand came up in a quick gesture, demanding silence, from her. He whispered curtly:

"Sh-h! I want to hear this."

It was the first time that evening he had flattered the floor show by the least bit of attention, so Molly was astonished. She followed his gaze, fixed on Al, and she, too, began to listen. At first she sent a glance of amusement Al's way—what did that comic waiter mean by trying a ballad? Then, after a moment, Molly also realized that Al was putting some new quality into the song. It was as if he had discarded the ordinary technique of ballad singing, and was creating his own method, the supremely natural method, as he went along. At times his voice dropped to a low, pleading croon; again he talked the words with all the fire at his command; and now his voice suddenly rose to a startling and passionate crescendo of appeal. Molly was not stupid; she realized that the singing waiter she had scorned so recently was really creating a living song. Like the call of fate his full, resonant voice repeated the title—"Always"—which occurred so frequently in the ballad. She stole a look at Marcus; he was leaning forward, giving Al his rapt attention.

As Al felt Molly's eyes on him the floodgates of his soul opened and, to all intents and purposes, he was alone with her, adoring her, telling her of his love that would last — always. He thought the song was going home—it seemed to him her eyes grew gentle.

But the person most deeply affected was Grace, the cigarette girl. She stood, quietly leaning against the wall at the back of the room and, in the semi-darkness, no one saw the tears come to her eyes and trickle, unheeded, down her pretty cheeks. Oh, what wouldn't she have given to have Al sing that song, in that way, to her! Everything she possessed, her life itself!

Now for the first time she realized with what passionate devotion she loved him. Her lovely young bosom rose and fell rapidly and in her heart was a consistent stabbing ache that seemed to grow more intense with every word Al uttered. Dear little Grace, so loyal and so lovely, yet forced to stand aside unnoticed and see another woman, who didn't appreciate Al Stone, receive the homage that he tossed so eloquently at her feet. It was maddening to Grace but—there was nothing to be done about it except go on loving him and endure the pain in her heart.

Now she saw Blackie Joe approaching. She furtively tried to dry her tears. Blackie saw and understood her feeling at first glance but, like the good, understanding fellow he was, pretended not to notice. "Poor kid," he thought. "Well . . . . that's the way it goes." Then he turned to Grace and whispered confidentially:

"Our comic's not so bad after all, is he?"

Grace looked up and forced herself to smile happily.

"He's wonderful!"

Finally the last notes of the music died away—the song was ended. Al stood for a moment as if in a trance, then quickly turned and walked toward the dressing rooms. The room was as silent as a desert night, not a crackle of applause broke the stillness. Al's chin came down on his chest; he felt he had failed and he wanted to get out of the room as quickly as possible.

At the Marcus table Molly's eyes were fixed on his retreating figure. She was obviously affected, a faint stir that she didn't understand had risen in her heart. At any rate, she knew what Al meant now.

The reaction of Marcus to the song was decidedly different. He saw it as a piece of work, a medium for thrilling audiences. Turning to Molly he almost shouted: "That's—a—song! One of the best ballads I've heard!"

In a flash Molly realized that Al had a real hit, a heart-throb number that might put him over on Broadway and make him famous. Her eyes became intensely brilliant; she was thinking fast.

As Al approached the dressing room doorway he encountered Grace and Blackie. Swiftly he spoke:

"You see, it's no use— I knew I couldn't put over a ballad. For a moment it seemed I had Molly interested, but I couldn't hold her. And not a peep from the crowd—"

But Al stopped, dazed. From the crowd came the slow rise of applause They had been too closely held by the song to give vent to their emotions as he walked rapidly away, but now their feelings were released in a storm of appreciation. He had reached every one of them and their strenuous hand-clapping rode toward him like a great wave. They had never given him such a reception before.

As he swung about, facing them, his dejected look passed, and a smile crossed his features. Then he saw Molly's face turned toward him, while Marcus rose, leading the thunderous applause.

At Marcus's table Molly heard the celebrated producer say:

"That waiter's a singing fool — he's great! And who wrote that song? I want it for my revue."

Not for a moment did Molly doubt now. Al's future was assured, with the great Marcus determined to have his song. She began to lay her plans swiftly.

"The waiter wrote it," she answered. "The boy who just sang."

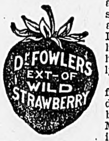
"The waiter wrote it?" repeated Marcus, amazed.

"Yes, but—" Molly smiled coolly—"I gave him the idea."

(To Be Continued.)

Had Diarrhoea Bowels So Active Feared For His Life

Mrs. S. J. Jago, Canoble, N.B., writes:—"My little boy, when three years old, had a severe attack of diarrhoea. The bowels were so active, and he vomited so much, I feared for his life. I tried many medicines, but he was always getting worse. A friend told me of



and after the second dose I saw an improvement. I gave him almost half a bottle and he was completely relieved.

"I have used it for the other children, and my husband and myself. My husband gives it great praise, and when he goes away from home to work he always takes a bottle with him."

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

May Solve Problem

Floating Flying Ship Might Make Ocean Trip Safe

Never has Louis Bleriot lost his faith in the air. Never for a moment has he doubted the ultimate value to the world of the high-speed passenger 'plane.

Bleriot, whom the whole world will soon honor, has a keen brain which is ever busy with aerial problems. At the moment that active mind of his is concerned chiefly with the question of Atlantic aerial transport.

It is not the spectacular aspects of ocean flying that interest him. He wants to crown a great aerial career by instituting a regular commercial trans-Atlantic air service. To this end, in the big air works he controls, he is busy with the details of a very wonderful machine. Part ship it is, and also part flying machine. The big graceful hull reminds one rather of a giant motorboat.

The hull-structure actually is a self-contained marine craft intended to move on the surface of the water like a ship, being driven by a marine engine and an underwater screw. But this ultra-modern ship does something more than sail the sea. It also rushes high through the air.

Provision is made for dropping into position above its hull a complete system of wings, aero-engines, and propellers, and when thus equipped it becomes a powerful long-range flying machine. In any emergency, should the craft have to descend somewhere out at sea, the crew would be able to abandon their flying gear, and steer like a surface craft for the nearest liner or shore station. That the solution of ocean flying may lie in the use of giant "hybrids" of some type such as this is now M. Bleriot's conviction, and the trials of his first "flying ship" are eagerly awaited.

Not An Old Custom

We are having all sorts of anniversaries these days. The latest is the three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the fork as a table utensil. That event surely is worthy of some celebration. After all some of our accepted customs do not go very far back into history.

Indigo Plant For Tokio

What is believed will be one of the largest artificial indigo plants in the world is to be erected near Tokyo, Japan. It will cost more than $3,000,000, and will take three years to build. It will produce 1,000 tons of the product a year.

Japan has two millionaires whose holdings are estimated at $250,000,000 each.

Instant Relief! Corns Sore Foot Lumps PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

Banting Research Foundation

Western Doctors, Having Received Awards, Will Work On Interesting Problems

In recognition of their contribution to the progress of science two Winnipeg doctors have been made the recipients of awards under the new Banting Research Foundation, according to announcement made by board of trustees.

Under the grants Dr. B. Chown will carry out important experiments in connection with his studies into the causes of kidney diseases in young children, while Dr. J. Jackson will engage in research study of the thyroid gland.

A study of gas anaesthetic will be conducted with the grants by Dr. W. E. Brown, Jr., demonstrator in anaesthesia at the University of Toronto, and Dr. Allan Kennedy, who graduated from Varsity two years ago and has since been at the Toronto General Hospital.

Dr. W. D. M. Lloyd, who holds an M.S.C. degree from Western University, Dr. Banting's alma mater, will work at Toronto on a study of the changes produced by certain diseases in the heart muscle and in its function.

An endeavor to locate the brain cells concerned in controlling blood pressure will be made by Paul Egnatoff of Saskatoon. Dr. F. F. Musegrove will study the solubility of uric acid, and Miss E. G. Frame will work on the comparative anatomy of the spleen.

The interesting problem of the changes in the brain in old age will be studied by C. G. Smith, in London, Ont.

The foundation is supported by public spirited citizens throughout the Dominion as a mark of honor to Dr. F. G. Banting, the discoverer of insulin. Grants are made to foster and assist medical research.

Making Flying Safer

Weather Reports Received By Pilots Give Location Of Storms

The following paragraph, lifted from the story of a reporter who recently travelled from Los Angeles to New York by the air-rail hook-up of Trancontinental Air Transport and the Sante Fe and Pennsylvania railroads, tells as well as anytthing can the way in which airways are being made safe for passengers.

"Weather reports," writes the reporter, "told us there were storms between Winslow, Ariz., and Albuquerque. We took off, anyway, but our two pilots talked with ground stations ahead and behind us by radio and knew just where all the storms were. So we simply flew around them. The Albuquerque weather report told of three storms converging to the eastward, so we had to detour again, but we sped around them quickly in the midst of lightning and rain, and reached Clovis, N.M., before dark, which the pilot had not expected to do."

In a few words that paragraph tells how flying has passed the hit-or-miss stage and has made safety certain.

Figures Show Women Are Careful Drivers

Record Of Columbia Traffic Bureau Prove Bulk Of Offenders Are Men

The old fashioned cartoonist who still shares the general masculine belief in the inability of women to drive automobiles was given a severe test in figures made public by the District of Columbia Traffic Bureau. The bureau has been conducting an intensive campaign to cut down traffic accidents. Of 859 persons arrested for various violations of the traffic rules since July 1, only twenty-eight were women.

That's less than 3.2 per cent. of the total and indicates, according to ardent feminist calculators, that women are about thirty times as good as men when it comes to driving automobiles. The standpatters for the old doctrine, on the other hand, argue that it merely goes to show, that most traffic policemen are of an excessively susceptible nature.

Asthma Can Be Cured. Its suffering is as needless as it is terrible to endure. After its many years of relief of the most stubborn cases no sufferer can doubt the perfect effectiveness of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Comfort of body and peace of mind return with its use and nights of sound sleep come back for good. Ask your druggist; he can supply you.

When ever a man comes to the conclusion that he is indispensable, says a wag, then he isn't.

The name for the state of California comes from a Spanish word meaning "hot furnace."

Minard's Liniment for aching joints.

Adopting Western Ideas

Chinese Youth Have Good Times But Still Respect Parents

Although they may not say "Whoopee" in China, the modern Chinese youth makes it, and they call it "Poowhee." "The younger generation in South China, are reaching for and adopting Western ideas," said G. P. Hamsworth, general agent of the Canadian National at Hong Kong, who passed through Winnipeg on his way to Hong Kong after spending a holiday in Europe and England.

"At the better entertainment places," continued Mr. Hamsworth, "you see the modern Chinese flapper with short skirts, bobbed hair and silk stockings, while the boys wear double-breasted suits and wide pants. They dance fox trots to our music, and have adopted English foods and eat it the way we eat it. The young people are also very fond of movies and Hong Kong and Shanghai have excellent theatres.

In spite of this change to Western ideas, it is very noticeable that the respect and admiration which the Chinese youth holds for his parents and older people is not disappearing.'

SAVE THE CHILDREN

In Summer When Childhood Ailments Are Most Dangerous

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer, in most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets relieve these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child they will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed to be absolutely harmless even to the new-born babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Boy Scout Shoots Kodiak Bears

Will Write a Book Covering Trip Across Canada

Dick Douglas, world famous Boy Scout, who crossed Canada recently by Canadian National Railways, in the short space of a month, shot two hundred Kodiak bears in the island of Alaska. "Incredable as it may seem I shot two hundred bears while on my trip" said Dick, "one hundred and ninety eight with a camera, and two with a gun. One only measured 9½ feet, and I was told he was a small one, but he looked big enough to me when I saw him first about 50 yards away." Douglas, who accompanied Martin Johnson during his last African trip, will write a book covering his trip across Canada, and to the Kodiak Islands. En route to Montreal, Douglas stopped at Jasper National Park to photograph some animals and scenery to reproduce in his new volume.

The world uses eight matches per day per inhabitant.

Minister, Run-down in Health, Gains 7 lbs. in 3 Weeks

Rev. W. H. Taylor writes, "After a 7 weeks' revival campaign I was entirely run-down and losing flesh rapidly. I decided to give Ironized Yeast a 3 weeks' trial. After 2 weeks I found my strength reurning and the tired feeling gone. In 3 weeks I had gained 7 lbs. and was myself again."

Imagine just 3 weeks to change from a "skinny," tired person to a strong, well-filled-out man or woman. Ugly hollows vanish. Broomstick limbs become round and chubby. Tired feeling disappears. Blemished skin clears.

Only when Yeast is Ironized is it more effective—for Iron is needed to bring out the weight-building and strengthening values of Yeast. Pleasant-tasting tablets. Safe for everybody. Never cause gas or bloating, no harmful drugs.

Go to any druggist today and get a full size treatment of Ironized Yeast. If after this generous trial you are not delighted, get your money back from druggist or manufacturer. If inconvenient to buy from druggist, send $1.25 direct to Canadian Ironized Yeast Co., Ltd., Fort Erie, Ont., Desk 426-BX.

Little Helps For This Week

"Hearken unto the voice of my cry, my King and my God; for unto Thee will I pray."—Psalm v: 2.

Lord! who art merciful as well as just,
Incline Thine ear to me, a child of dust.
Not what I would, O Lord, I offer Thee,
Alas! but what I am.
Father Almighty, who hast made me man,
And bade me look to heaven, for Thou art there,
Accept my sacrifice and humble prayer.
Four things which are not in Thy treasury
I lay before Thee, Lord, with this petition,—
My nothingness, my wants,
My sins, and my contrition.
—Robert Southey.

The man who can pray truly is richer and more blessed than all others.—Crysostom.

Paring a corn is both risky and ineffective. It is much better to use Holloway's Corn Remover and eradicate them entirely.

Tracing Sea Currents

British Meteorological Office Securing Data By Drift Of Bottles

After having floated 2,500 miles in 434 days at sea, a bottle was recently picked up at North Queensland. It had been dropped overboard on October 7, 1927, by a British vessel while in a most desolate part of the Pacific Ocean, 1,000 miles north of the Fiji Islands. In it was a message asking that it be returned to the Meteorological office of the British air ministry, which is having 494 ships sailing the seven seas drop similar bottles every day in a plan of securing data to be used in tracking sea currents.

If a man doesn't know when he is well off he at least realizes when he was.

Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way

Covered with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper goods that usually stale in a day or so stay *fresh* for quite a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer, druggist or stationer. For less exacting uses get "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

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HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

MAKING

Low Cost Vacations

Possible for thousands of Residents in Western Canada

IN arranging low fares for prairie residents, we regard this part of our work as a great and important public service . . . always ready with men, equipment plus the experience which enables us to care for any movement with smoothness and efficiency.

SUGGESTIONS

Jasper National Park
Pacific Coast, Alaska
Minaki
Ontario, Quebec
Maritime Provinces
Overseas Tour

THIS summer—escape for a little while from the dull sameness of succeeding days. Our low fares from May 15 to Sept. 30 (with a final return limit Oct. 31, make it easy.

OUR trains pass through a territory replete with scenic grandeur; of historical and educational value to the traveller. Nothing superior to our sleeping and dining car service . . . Radio an added feature on through trains.

THINK IT OVER!

Whatever vacation section you have in mind, our local agent will be pleased to give every assistance. He will be glad to quote lowest fares and make all arrangements for you—or write
J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, Edmonton

Canadian National

Advertising Is News to the Community!

Many people of today wonder why the wise merchandise uses the advertising columns of the newspaper---it is because he has news of interest to the people residing in his community.

Advertising is a form of news. It is governed by the same general principles and answers your every question as to "what's news?" You can depend upon advertising news. It is truthful. If you want something for home for home or to dress with you will find it advertised.

Advertisements supply the surest way of knowing "what's news" in merchandise. Learn to read them—trust them the same as your local merchant trusts you.

FRANK V. HOWARD
A.L.C.M.
MUSIC TEACHER
PIANO AND THEORY
25 Years Experience
Will open a class at Chinook.
Minimum five pupils at $1.00 per lesson each.
Address: YOUNGSTOWN, Alta.
Pianos & Organs tuned and regulated.

Guaranteed RHEUMATISM CURE
HERBS ONLY
Sold by
Ho Yee Way
&
G. Clark

During the past week one truck and one auto driver were both fined $15 and costs in the Calgary police court and their drivers' license suspended for two months.

Lieut. Governor Newlands of Saskatchewan has refused the request of the opposing combined parties to oust Premier Gardiner and his cabinet. The Legislature is to meet on Aug. 3rd, when the position of the government will be defined.

When an eight months old baby was operated on at Wanganui, N.Z., recently, after it was reported to have swallowed a button, 26 pins, needles, safely pins and buttons were found in its stomach. The little one is recovering. An older child had fed the unusual mixed diet to the baby.

Report of the first threshing of the 1929 crop comes from the Taber district on the farm of Jos. Makinson, when barley was threshed which yielded 30 bushels per acre.

Looking over the coast and general condition of the company's western lines, Sir Henry Thornton will spend the week-end at Vancouver. He will visit Edmonton on the trip out and be at Calgary on his return.

The Curfew.

Owing to the attitude taken by some parents and children during the past few weeks our attention has been drawn to the number of children allowed to run arounded the streets after the curfew has been rung. We have been assured that if this practice is continued there will be no alternative other than place an extra expense upon the ratepayers by the appointment of a permanent policeman.

Up to the present time the citizens of Chinook have prided themselves as a law abiding community, with neither a policeman or justice of the peace among them. However, some are beginning to think that day has passed, judging the appearance of many windows in buildings around town.

It is with much hesitation th .t we give this note of warning, and suffice us to say "lose not your good name for you know not the day upon which it may be regained."

Gooseberry Lake Boys' Camp

Eight happy busy days were spent by the boys at the Gooseperry Lake C.S.E.T. boys' camp. By the evening of the first day, July 12th, forty-two boys had registered from various points of the district—Benton, Oyen, Fairacres, Sedalia, Chinook, Altario, Monitor, Consort, Loyalist and Coronation.

They were divided into four groups naming them after famous explorers: Grenfells, Capt. Scotts, McKenzies and Columbus. These chose for their respective leaders: Beckett Lowe of Oyen, Alvin Bishell of Loyalist, Joe Sterrenberg of Consort, and Jamie Higgins of Coronation. Vincent Ride. out of Chinook was chosen grand chief and filled his duties in an admirable manner.

A daily programme of Bible study, badge work, athletics, team games and camp duties was carried on. Besides this there were some special features—an eight mile treasure hike, two weiner roa-t hikes, specimen hunt, nature study, camp fire.

A number of boys proved themselves to be fine athletes, winning their running, throwing and jumping badges, and setting a high standard in some instances. Some fine swimmers were in camp, and under the instruction of Irving Gould, progress was made. Besides a number winning their Trail Ranger swimming badge, two others, Vincent Rideout and Hermon Vanhook, both of Chinook, qualified for their white honor Tuxis badge.

A total of over forty badges will be distributed among the campers. These include running, throwing, jumping, swimming, campcraft, first aid, mission heroes, hiking. Douglas Tainsh of Consort was the successful one to find the treasure after an eight mile hunt. One boy only, Duncan McFetridge of Consort, was awarded the camp chevron. He will wear it worthily. This is the highest honor that can be given to any camper.

Camp leadership was ably given by Business Manager C. H Holmes, Secretary John Perry, Director J. R. Brown; Gordon Lapp, secretary boys' work for the province; Douglas Wollatt, Wm. Walsh, Irving Gould. We were very fortunate in having Gordon Lapp at camp. He made a great contribution to camp, and the boys will long remember the songs, the games and the leadership which he gave. T. Galloway was present and gave the boys some fine instruction in nature study. The boys were greatly inspired by an address given by the Premier, Hon. J. E. Brownlee, who was attending a U.F.A. convention at the lake. Not only his precept, but also his example a fine inspiration to the boys.

The eight days work went all too quickly, and though much had been accomplished there was still much to be done. On Saturday, July 20th, the boys said farewell to each other and left for their homes. It was a good camp, weather was ideal, with spring water running through camp it is an ideal camp site, good leadership was given, and a fine group of boys were gathered who did their parts well and entered enthusiastically into all the affairs of camp. Many expressed the hope that they might be back next year.

Local Items

Homer Butts and family returned Sunday from Sylvan Lake and other points.

Mrs. August Roseneau left on Tuesday morning for Milwaukee, being called there owing to the illness of her son.

Mrs. Ray, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. Cooley, for the past few weeks, returned to her home last week.

Miss Julia Peyton, after spending two weeks in town with her mother, returned to Rearville on Sunday.

Mrs. W. S. Lee, two children and maid, Mrs. Lloyd Robinson and daughter and Willie Thompson left by motor Thursdoy morning for Lacombe, where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. Tracy.

Harold Stewart has accepted a position at Saskatoon with an electrical firm and left last week.

Wm. Forgie was fined $5 and costs for a disturbance in the bar of the Acadia Hotel on fair day.

Word has been received by mail this morning that the following pupils passed their grade XI departmental examinations: Lyle Began, Willie Thompson, Marvel Milligan, Ida Marcy, Dorothy Neff with the exception of one subject. Vincent Rideout and Dorothy Carter have passed grade X successfully.

Another Bad Auto Accident

to the right of the road, believing that he had ample time in which to get there. The approaching car swerved to the left, however, and then collided.

Mr. Anderson expressed the opinion that the lights on Mr. Dawson's car had, perhaps, blinded Mr. Sheets temporarily. Ellis Lydiatt, Brewster driver, Miss Elenor Niedyziski, who was a passenger in Mr. Anderson's car, Constable G. Ball, of the A.P.P., and Dr. W. D. Higgs, who attended Mr. Sheets, also gave evidence.—Calgary Herald.

Kenneth Dawson has concussion of the brain in addition to other injuries, which will necessitate him remaining in the hospital for some time, though his condition is not considered to be at all dangerous.

Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Property

Under and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by the Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Acadia Hotel in the Village of Chinook in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 10th day of August, 1929, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely: The south half of Section Thirty six (36), in Township Twenty-eight (28), Range Seven (7), West of the 4th Meridian, Alberta, excepting thereout all mines and minerals and the right to work the same and excepting also 6.20 acres more or less for right-of-way.

Terms of the sale to be 20 per cent. cash at the time of the sale, and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situate about 3¾ miles from Chinook, and that improvements consist of shack 14 x 16 and stable 16x28 There is 1¼ miles of barb wire fencing, and soil is light clay loam with clay subsoil.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Brownlee, Porter and Rankine, 436 Lougheed Building, Calgary, Alberta.

Dated at Calgary this 3rd day of July, A.D. 1929.

BROWNLEE, PORTER & RANKINE,
Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved:
[Sgd] W. FORBES, Registrar.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT	
1 Northern	$1.48
2 Northern	1.45
3 Northern	1.40
No. 4	1.27
No. 5	1.03
No. 6	.84
Feed	.64
OATS	
2 C. W.	.55
3 C. W.	.52
Feed	.52
BARLEY	
3 C. W.	.68
4 C. W.	.63
Feed	.53
RYE	
2 C. W.	.99
3 C. W.	.94
FLAX	
1 N. W.	2.39
2 C. W.	2.35
3 C. W.	2.23
BUTTER AND EGGS	
Butter	.25
Eggs	.15

On Tuesday evening the Calgary post office had received for distribution to Alberta Wheat Pool members cheques totalling $8,038,622.05, covering a second interim payment on 66,481,260 bushels of wheat delivered to the 1928-29 pool.

Chinook United Church
Sunday, Aug. 4th
Divine Service 3.00 p.m.
We cordially invite you to worship with us.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH
Service Second Sunday Every Month
Mass at 8.00 a.m.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

Notice of Pound Sale

I will sell by auction at the S.E quarter Sec. 5-27 7, west of 4th, on Thursday, Aug. 15th, at two o'clock, one dark grey mare, four years old, brand on left thigh unreadable

GEO RAY ROBISON,
Poundkeeper

CARPENTER WORK WANTED — either repairing or building. My prices are reasonable. Figures given on cost. Prompt service. All work guaranteed, Call 310, Lester Berry. 1-3c

SEE
H. Howton
FOR
Painting & Kalsomining. Furniture Lacquered & Renovated. Sample Wallpaper Books for 1929 are here—see them. A full range of choice papers from 10c per roll up
H. HOWTON : Chinook

J. W. Bredin
Licensed Auctioneer
FOR DATES
Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

Beef, Pork and Cured Meats

FRESH FISH EVERY FRIDAY

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU!

Chinook Meat Market

Naco Garage
DURANT AND CHRYSLER CARS
John Deere and Case Tractors
Horses and Cattle Taken In Trade.
NORTON & CHISHOLM

CROCUS LODGE, No. 115,
G. R. A., A. F. & A. M.
Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon.
Visiting brethern cordially welcomed.
KEITH THOMPSON, W.M.
R. W. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

W. W. Isbister
General Blacksmith
Coulters and Dics Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.
We guarantee our work.
CHINOOK - ALTA.

King Restaurant
Meals at all Hours
Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed
All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM
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First Class Work At Reasonable Prices
Shop Open Monday
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